UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

Mark One) ⊠	QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO OF 1934	SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE A	AC ⁻
	For the quarterly	period ended September 30, 2011	
		OR	
	TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO OF 1934	SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE A	4C
	For the transition pe	eriod from to	
	Commis	ssion file number 1-16483	
		kraft foods	
		egistrant as specified in its charter)	
	Virginia (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	52-2284372 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)	
	Three Lakes Drive, Northfield, Illinois (Address of principal executive offices)	60093-2753 (Zip Code)	
	Registrant's telephone nu	umber, including area code: (847) 646-2000	
	(Former name, former address a	Not Applicable and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)	
.934 during t		ports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject	
equired to be	neck mark whether the registrant has submitted elec e submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Reg period that the registrant was required to submit and	ctronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data gulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or fo d post such files). Yes \boxtimes No \square	i Filo or
		ated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting rated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Ac	ot.
arge accele	ated filer ⊠ Accelerated filer □	Non-accelerated filer $\ \square$ Smaller reporting company $\ \square$ (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)	

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes $\ \square$ No $\ \boxtimes$

At October 31, 2011, there were 1,766,748,686 shares of the registrant's common stock outstanding.

Kraft Foods Inc.

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In this report, "Kraft Foods," "we," "us" and "our" refers to Kraft Foods Inc. and subsidiaries, and "Common Stock" refers to Kraft Foods' Class A common stock.

PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

Kraft Foods Inc. and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings (in millions of dollars, except per share data) (Unaudited)

		Three Months Ended eptember 30,		
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Net revenues Cost of sales Gross profit	\$ 13,22 <u>8,61</u> 4,61	1 7,542	\$ 39,677 25,555 14,122	\$ 35,434 22,330 13,104
Selling, general and administrative expenses Asset impairment and exit costs Amortization of intangibles Operating income	2,86	6 2,758 (7) (9) 8 53	8,807 (7) 172 5,150	8,541 (9) 146 4,426
Interest and other expenses, net Earnings from continuing operations before income taxes	42 1,27		<u>1,312</u> 3,838	<u>1,496</u> 2,930
Provision for income taxes Earnings from continuing operations	34 92		<u>1,133</u> 2,705	982 1,948
Earnings and gain from discontinued operations, net of income taxes (Note 3) Net earnings	92	<u> </u>		<u>1,644</u> 3,592
Noncontrolling interest Net earnings attributable to Kraft Foods	\$ 92	5 6 2 \$ 754	<u>8</u> \$ 2,697	18 \$ 3,574
Per share data: Basic earnings per share attributable to Kraft Foods: Continuing operations Discontinued operations Net earnings attributable to Kraft Foods	\$ 0.5 \$ 0.5		\$ 1.53 - \$ 1.53	\$ 1.13 0.97 \$ 2.10
Diluted earnings per share attributable to Kraft Foods:				
Continuing operations Discontinued operations Net earnings attributable to Kraft Foods	\$ 0.5 \$ 0.5	<u> </u>	\$ 1.52 \$ 1.52	\$ 1.13 0.96 \$ 2.09
Dividends declared	\$ 0.2	9 \$ 0.29	\$ 0.87	\$ 0.87

Kraft Foods Inc. and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (in millions of dollars, except share data) (Unaudited)

	Sep	tember 30, 2011	December 31, 2010	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (less allowances of \$151 in 2011 and \$246 in 2010) Inventories, net Deferred income taxes Other current assets Total current assets	\$	1,976 6,835 6,399 973 1,146 17,329	\$	2,481 6,539 5,310 898 993 16,221
Property, plant and equipment, net Goodwill Intangible assets, net Prepaid pension assets Other assets TOTAL ASSETS	\$	13,856 37,592 25,416 169 1,470 95,832	\$	13,792 37,856 25,963 86 1,371 95,289
LIABILITIES Short-term borrowings Current portion of long-term debt Accounts payable Accrued marketing Accrued employment costs Other current liabilities Total current liabilities	\$	896 4,843 5,293 2,681 1,363 5,284 20,360	\$	750 1,115 5,409 2,515 1,292 4,812 15,893
Long-term debt Deferred income taxes Accrued pension costs Accrued postretirement health care costs Other liabilities TOTAL LIABILITIES		23,139 7,580 1,777 2,995 3,281 59,132		26,859 7,984 2,382 3,046 3,183 59,347
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 12)				
EQUITY Common Stock, no par value (1,996,537,778 shares issued in 2011 and 2010) Additional paid-in capital Retained earnings Accumulated other comprehensive losses Treasury stock, at cost Total Kraft Foods Shareholders' Equity Noncontrolling interest TOTAL EQUITY		31,279 17,695 (4,864) (7,518) 36,592 108 36,700	<u> </u>	31,231 16,619 (3,890) (8,126) 35,834 108 35,942
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	<u>\$</u>	95,832	\$	95,289

Kraft Foods Inc. and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidated Statements of Equity (in millions of dollars, except per share data) (Unaudited)

Kraft Foods Shareholders' Equity Accumulated Additional Comprehensive Earnings / Noncontrolling Common Paid-in Retained Treasury Total Stock Capital **Earnings** (Losses) Stock Interest **Equity** (3,955) (8,416)25,972 Balances at January 1, 2010 \$ 23.611 \$ 14 636 \$ 96 \$ Comprehensive earnings / (losses): Net earnings 4,114 25 4,139 Other comprehensive earnings, net of income taxes 65 (19)46 Total comprehensive earnings * 4,185 6 Exercise of stock options and issuance of other stock awards 153 290 337 (106)Cash dividends declared (\$1.16 per share) Net impact of noncontrolling (2,025)(2,025)interests from Cadbury acquisition
Purchase from noncontrolling interest, 38 71 33 dividends paid and other activities (27)(28)Issuance of Common Stock Balances at December 31, 2010 \$ \$ \$ 31.231 16.619 (3,890)(8.126)108 35.942 Comprehensive earnings / (losses): Net earnings 2,697 8 2,705 Other comprehensive losses, net of income taxes (974) (974) Total comprehensive earnings³ 8 1,731 Exercise of stock options and issuance of other stock awards 61 (81) 608 588 Cash dividends declared (1,540)(\$0.87 per share)
Purchase from noncontrolling interest, (1,540)dividends paid and other activities (13)(8) (21)Balances at September 30, 2011 17,695 (4,864)(7,518)108

^{*} Total comprehensive earnings / (losses) were (\$1,948) million for the three months ended and \$1,731 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011, as compared to \$2,009 million for the three months ended and \$2,794 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2010. Comprehensive earnings / (losses) attributable to Kraft Foods were (\$1,938) million for the three months ended and \$1,723 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011, as compared to \$1,994 million for the three months ended and \$2,809 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2010.

Kraft Foods Inc. and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (in millions of dollars) (Unaudited)

	For the Nine N Septem	
	2011	2010
CASH PROVIDED BY / (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES Net earnings	\$ 2,705	\$ 3,592
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to operating cash flows: Depreciation and amortization Stock-based compensation expense Deferred income tax provision Gain on discontinued operations (Note 3) Other non-cash expense / (income), net	1,117 137 (429) - 6	1,019 132 127 (1,596) 4
Change in assets and liabilities, excluding the effects of acquisitions and divestitures: Receivables, net Inventories, net	(437) (1,188)	264 (870)
Accounts payable Other current assets Other current liabilities Change in pension and postretirement assets and liabilities, net	(61) (278) 489 (396)	(181) (44) (1,383) 160
Net cash provided by operating activities CASH PROVIDED BY / (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES Capital expenditures Acquisitions, net of cash received Proceeds from divestitures Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and other	1,665 (1,281) 	1,224 (1,020) (9,843) 4,039 13
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,244)	(6,811)
CASH PROVIDED BY / (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES Net issuance / (repayments) of short-term borrowings Long-term debt proceeds Long-term debt repaid Dividends paid Proceeds from stock option exercises and other Net cash (used in) / provided by financing activities	145 35 (10) (1,535) 522 (843)	(1,285) 9,438 (512) (1,664) (89) 5,888
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(83)	(114)
Cash and cash equivalents: (Decrease) / Increase Balance at beginning of period Balance at end of period	(505) 2,481 \$ 1,976	187 2,101 \$ 2,288

Kraft Foods Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The consolidated financial statements include Kraft Foods, as well as our wholly owned and majority-owned subsidiaries.

Our interim condensed consolidated financial statements are unaudited. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") have been omitted. It is management's opinion that these financial statements include all normal and recurring adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of our financial position and operating results. Net revenues and net earnings for any interim period are not necessarily indicative of future or annual results.

The year-end condensed consolidated balance sheet data was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by U.S. GAAP. You should read these interim condensed consolidated financial statements in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and related notes in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010. Certain reclassifications of prior-year amounts were made to conform to current-year presentation.

The majority of our operating subsidiaries report results as of the last Saturday of the period. A portion of our international operating subsidiaries report results as of the last calendar day of the period or two weeks prior to the last Saturday of the period.

In the second quarter of 2011, we changed the consolidation date for certain operations of our Kraft Foods Europe segment and operations in certain regions of our Kraft Foods Developing Markets segment [Latin America and Central and Eastern Europe, Middle East and Africa ("CEEMA")]. Previously, these operations primarily reported results two weeks prior to the end of the period. Now, our Kraft Foods Europe segment reports results as of the last Saturday of each period. Our operations in Latin America and certain operations in CEEMA report results as of the last calendar day of the period. These changes resulted in a favorable impact to net revenues of \$360 million and a favorable impact of \$50 million to operating income.

In the second quarter of 2010, we changed the consolidation date for certain European biscuits operations within our Kraft Foods Europe segment and certain operations in Asia Pacific within our Kraft Foods Developing Markets segment. Previously, these operations primarily reported periodend results one month prior to the end of the period and moved to reporting results two weeks prior to the last Saturday of the period. These changes resulted in a favorable impact to net revenues of \$70 million and had an insignificant impact on operating income.

We believe these changes are preferable and will improve business planning and financial reporting by better matching the close dates of the operating subsidiaries within our Kraft Foods Europe segment and Kraft Foods Developing Markets segment and by bringing the reporting date closer to the period-end date. As the impact to prior-period results was not material, we have not revised prior-period results.

Highly Inflationary Accounting:

We account for our Venezuelan subsidiaries under highly inflationary accounting rules, which principally means all transactions are recorded in U.S. dollars. Venezuela has two exchange rates: the official rate and the government-regulated Transaction System for Foreign Currency Denominated Securities ("SITME") rate. We used both the official rate and the SITME rate to translate our Venezuelan operations into U.S. dollars, based on the nature of the operations of each individual subsidiary.

We recorded \$11 million of favorable foreign currency impacts relating to highly inflationary accounting in Venezuela during the first nine months of 2011 and approximately \$85 million of unfavorable foreign currency impacts during the first nine months of 2010. The 2010 loss included a one-time impact to translate cash of \$34 million that we previously carried at the secondary market exchange rate. Upon the change to highly inflationary accounting in January 2010, we were required to translate the U.S. dollars on hand using the official rate.

New Accounting Pronouncements:

In September 2011, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued an amendment related to multiemployer pension plans. This amendment increases the quantitative and qualitative disclosures about an employer's participation in individually significant multiemployer plans that offer pension and other postretirement benefits. The guidance is effective for fiscal years ended after December 15, 2011. The adoption of this standard will not have an impact on our financial results, but will expand our annual disclosures related to multiemployer pension plans within the notes to our annual financial statements.

In September 2011, the FASB issued an amendment to simplify how entities test goodwill for impairment. An entity now has the option to first assess qualitative factors to determine whether it is "more likely than not" that goodwill may be impaired. If, after assessing the totality of events and circumstances, goodwill impairment is determined to be not likely, then performing the quantitative two-step impairment test would not be required. The new guidance also modifies goodwill evaluation during the year to make it consistent with the new annual qualitative approach. The update is effective for annual goodwill impairment tests performed for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2011, with early adoption permitted. We plan to early adopt in the quarter ended December 31, 2011. The new guidance will not have an impact on our financial results but is expected to simplify the goodwill testing we do on an annual and interim basis.

In June 2011, the FASB issued an amendment related to statements of comprehensive income. This amendment requires an entity to present the total of comprehensive income, the components of net income, and the components of other comprehensive income in either a single continuous statement of comprehensive income or in two separate but consecutive statements. This amended guidance eliminates the option to present the components of other comprehensive income as part of the statement of changes in stockholders' equity. The guidance is effective for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2011. Early adoption is permitted. The adoption of this standard will not have an impact on our financial results, but will change the financial presentation of other comprehensive income within our financial statements.

In May 2011, the FASB issued an amendment to revise certain fair value measurement and disclosure requirements. This amendment establishes common requirements for measuring fair value and for disclosing information about fair value measurements in accordance with U.S. GAAP and International Financial Reporting Standards. These changes will be effective January 1, 2012 on a prospective basis. Early adoption is not permitted. The adoption of this standard is not expected to have a material impact on our financial results.

Subsequent Events:

We evaluated subsequent events and included all accounting and disclosure requirements related to subsequent events in our financial statements.

Note 2. Proposed Spin-off Transaction

On August 4, 2011, we announced that our Board of Directors intends to create two independent public companies: (i) a global snacks business (the "Global Snacks Business") and (ii) a North American grocery business (the "North American Grocery Business"). The Global Snacks Business will consist of our current Kraft Foods Europe and Developing Markets segments as well as our North American snack and confectionary brands. The North American Grocery Business will primarily consist of our current U.S. Beverages, Cheese, Convenient Meals and Grocery segments, grocery-related categories in our Canada & N.A. Foodservice segment as well as the *Planters* and *Corn Nuts* brands and businesses. We expect to create these companies through a U.S. tax-free spin-off of the North American Grocery Business to our shareholders.

The transaction is subject to a number of conditions, including the receipt of regulatory approvals, a favorable ruling from the Internal Revenue Service to ensure the U.S. tax-free status of the spin-off, execution of intercompany agreements, further diligence as appropriate and final approval from our Board of Directors. While our current target is to complete the spin-off before year-end 2012, we cannot assure that the spin-off will be completed on the anticipated timeline or that the terms of the spin-off will not change.

Note 3. Acquisitions and Divestitures

Cadbury Acquisition and related Divestitures:

On February 2, 2010, we acquired 71.73% of Cadbury Limited ("Cadbury") and as of June 1, 2010, we owned 100% of all outstanding Cadbury Shares. The Cadbury acquisition was valued at \$18,547 million, or \$17,503 million net of cash and cash equivalents.

As part of our Cadbury acquisition, we expensed and incurred transaction-related fees of \$2 million for the three months and \$217 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2010. We recorded these expenses within selling, general and administrative expenses. We also incurred acquisition financing fees of \$96 million in the first guarter of 2010. We recorded these expenses within interest and other expense, net.

The EU Commission required, as a condition of our Cadbury acquisition, that we divest certain Cadbury confectionery operations in Poland and Romania. In the third quarter of 2010, we completed the sale of the assets of the confectionery operations in Poland and Romania. The total proceeds from the divestitures were \$342 million and the impacts of these divestitures were reflected as adjustments to the purchase price allocations.

Cadbury contributed net revenues of \$6.376 million and net earnings of \$369 million from February 2, 2010 through September 30, 2010. The following unaudited pro forma summary presents Kraft Foods' consolidated information as if Cadbury had been acquired on January 1, 2010. These amounts were calculated after conversion to U.S. GAAP, applying our accounting policies, and adjusting Cadbury's results to reflect the additional depreciation and amortization that would have been charged assuming the fair value adjustments to property, plant and equipment, and intangible assets had been applied from January 1, 2010, together with the consequential tax effects. These adjustments also reflect the additional interest expense incurred on the debt to finance the purchase and the divestitures of the Cadbury confectionery operations in Poland and Romania.

> Nine Months Ended September 30, 2010 (in millions) \$

> > For the Nine

Pro forma for the

Net earnings attributable to Kraft Foods

35,997 3.420

Net revenues

On March 1, 2010, we completed the sale of the assets of our North American frozen pizza business ("Frozen Pizza") to Nestlé USA, Inc. for \$3.7 billion. Accordingly, the results of the Frozen Pizza business have been reflected as discontinued operations on the condensed consolidated statement of earnings in the prior-period results.

Summary results of operations for the Frozen Pizza business through September 30, 2010 were:

	Septem	Months Ended September 30, 2010 (in millions)	
Net revenues	\$	335	
Earnings before income taxes Provision for income taxes		73 (25)	
Gain on discontinued operations, net of income taxes		1,596	
Earnings and gain from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	\$	1,644	

Earnings before income taxes related to the Frozen Pizza business excluded overhead allocations of \$25 million during 2010 prior to the divestiture. The gain on discontinued operations from the sale of the Frozen Pizza business included a \$1.2 billion tax expense.

Note 4. Inventories

Inventories at September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 were:

	Se	September 30, 2011		ember 31, 2010
		(in mill	ions)	
Raw materials Finished product	\$	2,085 4.314	\$	1,743 3,567
Inventories, net	\$	6,399	\$	5,310

Note 5. Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment at September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 were:

	2011		2010
	 (in mil	lions)	
Land and land improvements	\$ 782	\$	795
Buildings and building equipment	4,968		4,934
Machinery and equipment	16,678		16,147
Construction in progress	 1,489		1,154
	23,917		23,030
Accumulated depreciation	 (10,061)		(9,238)
Property, plant and equipment, net	\$ 13,856	\$	13,792

September 30,

September 30,

September 30,

December 31,

December 31,

December 31,

Note 6. Goodwill and Intangible Assets

Goodwill by reportable segment at September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 was:

	2011		2010	
	(in mil	lions)		
Kraft Foods North America:				
U.S. Beverages	\$ 1,290	\$	1,290	
U.S. Cheese	3,000		3,000	
U.S. Convenient Meals	985		985	
U.S. Grocery	3,046		3,046	
U.S. Snacks	9,125		9,125	
Canada & N.A. Foodservice	3,346		3,430	
Kraft Foods Europe	9,239		9,023	
Kraft Foods Developing Markets	7,561		7,957	
Total goodwill	\$ 37,592	\$	37,856	

Intangible assets at September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 were:

		2011		2010
	(in millions)			
Non-amortizable intangible assets	\$	22,994	\$	23,351
Amortizable intangible assets		2,902		2,928
		25,896		26,279
Accumulated amortization		(480)		(316)
Intangible assets, net	\$	25,416	\$	25,963

Non-amortizable intangible assets consist substantially of brand names purchased through our acquisitions of Nabisco Holdings Corp., the Spanish and Portuguese operations of United Biscuits, the global *LU* biscuit business of Groupe Danone S.A. and Cadbury. Amortizable intangible assets consist primarily of trademark licenses, customer-related intangibles, process technology and non-compete agreements. Amortization expense was \$58 million for the three months and \$172 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011. We currently estimate annual amortization expense for each of the next five years to be approximately \$220 million. At September 30, 2011, the weighted-average life of our amortizable intangible assets was 13.2 years.

The movements in goodwill and intangible assets were:

	 Goodwill (in m	itangible ets, at Cost
Balance at January 1, 2011 Changes due to:	\$ 37,856	\$ 26,279
Foreign currency	(264)	(383)
Balance at September 30, 2011	\$ 37,592	\$ 25,896

Note 7. Integration Program

Our combination with Cadbury has the potential for meaningful synergies and cost savings. We expect to recognize annual cost savings of at least \$750 million by the end of the third year following completion of the acquisition. Additionally, we expect to create revenue synergies from investments in distribution, marketing and product development. In order to achieve these cost savings and synergies, we expect to incur total integration charges of approximately \$1.5 billion in the first three years following the acquisition to combine and integrate the two businesses (the "Integration Program").

Integration Program costs include the costs associated with combining our operations with Cadbury's and are separate from the costs related to the acquisition. We incurred charges under the Integration Program of \$112 million for the three months and \$352 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011, and \$92 million for the three months and \$284 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2010. We recorded these charges within selling, general and administrative expenses and cost of sales primarily within our Kraft Foods Europe and Kraft Foods Developing Markets segments as well as general corporate expenses. Since the inception of the Integration Program, we have incurred approximately \$1.0 billion of the \$1.5 billion in expected charges.

Liability activity for the Integration Program for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 was (in millions):

Liability balance, January 1, 2011	\$ 406
Charges	352
Cash spent	(406)
Currency / other	 (19)
Liability balance, September 30, 2011	\$ 333

Within our Integration Program, we include certain costs along with exit and disposal costs that are directly attributable to those activities although they do not qualify for treatment as exit or disposal costs under U.S. GAAP. These costs, which we commonly refer to as other project costs or implementation costs, generally include the integration and reorganization of operations and facilities, the discontinuance of certain product lines and the incremental expenses related to the closure of facilities. Management believes the disclosure and inclusion of these charges provides readers of our financial statements greater transparency to the total costs of our Integration Program.

Note 8. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Earnings / (Losses)

The components of accumulated other comprehensive earnings / (losses) were:

	Currency Translation Adjustments		Pension and Other Benefits (in mill		Derivatives Accounted for as Hedges		Total
				•			
Balances at January 1, 2011	\$	(311)	\$	(3,658)	\$	79	\$ (3,890)
Other comprehensive earnings /							
(losses), net of income taxes:							
Currency translation adjustments		(711)		(11)		_	(722)
Amortization of experience							
losses and prior service costs		_		175		_	175
Settlement losses		_		36		_	36
Net actuarial gain arising							
during period				38			38
Net changes in cash flow hedges		_		_		(501)	(501)
Total other comprehensive losses						,	 (974)
Balances at September 30, 2011	\$	(1,022)	\$	(3,420)	\$	(422)	\$ (4,864)

Note 9. Stock Plans

Restricted and Deferred Stock:

In January 2011, we granted 1.5 million shares of stock in connection with our long-term incentive plan, and the market value per share was \$31.62 on the date of grant. In February 2011, as part of our annual equity program, we issued 2.6 million shares of restricted and deferred stock to eligible employees, and the market value per restricted or deferred share was \$31.83 on the date of grant. In aggregate, we issued 4.7 million restricted and deferred shares during the first nine months of 2011, including those issued as part of our long-term incentive plan, with a weighted-average market value per share of \$31.83. During the first nine months of 2011, 4.3 million shares of restricted and deferred stock vested at a market value of \$134 million.

Stock Options:

In February 2011, as part of our annual equity program, we granted 15.8 million stock options to eligible employees at an exercise price of \$31.83. In aggregate, we granted 16.3 million stock options in the first nine months of 2011 at a weighted-average exercise price of \$31.80. There were 16.7 million stock options exercised during the first nine months of 2011 with a total intrinsic value of \$89 million.

Note 10. Benefit Plans

Pension Plans

Components of Net Periodic Pension Cost:

Net periodic pension cost consisted of the following for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010:

		U.S. I	Plans		Non-U.S. Plans					
	For the Three Months Ended September 30,					For the Three Septem		nded		
		2010		2011			2010			
				(in mi	llions)					
Service cost	\$	36	\$	36	\$	39	\$	40		
Interest cost		91		92		116		98		
Expected return on plan assets		(123)		(122)		(135)		(111)		
Amortization:										
Net loss from experience differences		57		43		26		18		
Prior service cost		2		1		_		2		
Other expenses		31		30		7		_		
Net periodic pension cost	\$	94	\$	80	\$	53	\$	47		
	·					<u>-</u>				

		0.3.1	rialis	Non-o.s. Flans					
	For the Nine Months Ended September 30,					For the Nine Months Ende September 30,			
			2010		2011		2010		
				(in mi	llions)				
Service cost	\$	109	\$	108	\$	129	\$	117	
Interest cost		273		275		347		283	
Expected return on plan assets		(371)		(367)		(405)		(318)	
Amortization:									
Net loss from experience differences		169		128		76		54	
Prior service cost		5		4		1		5	
Other expenses		67		91		7		_	
Net periodic pension cost	\$	252	\$	239	\$	155	\$	141	

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Included within other expenses above are severance payments related to our cost savings initiatives and lump-sum payments made to retired employees which resulted in settlement losses under our U.S. plans of \$31 million for the three months and \$67 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011, and \$30 million for the three months and \$86 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2010. Our U.S. plans also incurred a \$5 million curtailment expense in the first quarter of 2010 related to the divestiture of our Frozen Pizza business.

Employer Contributions:

We make contributions to our U.S. and non-U.S. pension plans, primarily to the extent that they are tax deductible and do not generate an excise tax liability. During the first nine months of 2011, we contributed \$536 million to our U.S. plans and \$248 million to our non-U.S. plans. Based on current tax law, we plan to make further contributions of approximately \$5 million to our U.S. plans and approximately \$150 million to our non-U.S. plans during the remainder of 2011. However, our actual contributions may differ due to many factors, including changes in tax and other benefit laws, or significant differences between expected and actual pension asset performance or interest rates.

Postretirement Benefit Plans

Net postretirement health care costs consisted of the following for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010:

	F	or the Three Septen	Months En	ded		For the Nine Months Ended September 30,		
	2	2010		2011			2010	
				(in mi	llions)			
Service cost	\$	10	\$	9	\$	28	\$	29
Interest cost		42		42		125		128
Amortization:								
Net loss from experience differences		15		14		46		41
Prior service credit		(8)		(7)		(24)		(23)
Net postretirement health care costs	\$	59	\$	58	\$	175	\$	175

Postemployment Benefit Plans

Net postemployment costs consisted of the following for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010:

	F6		Months End nber 30,	ed	1	For the Nine Months E September 30,		ed
	20	11	2010		2011		20	010
				(in mi	lions)			<u>.</u>
Service cost	\$	2	\$	2	\$	7	\$	6
Interest cost		2		3		7		7
Amortization of net gains				(1)		(1)		(1)
Net postemployment costs	\$	4	\$	4	\$	13	\$	12

Note 11. Financial Instruments

See our consolidated financial statements and related notes in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010 for additional information on our accounting and purpose for entering into derivatives and our overall risk management strategies.

Fair Value of Derivative Instruments:

The fair values of derivative instruments recorded in the condensed consolidated balance sheet as of September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 were:

		December 31, 2010						
		sset		iability	Asset			ability
	<u>Deri</u>	vatives	De	rivatives	Derivatives		Deri	ivatives
				(ın mı	llions)			
Derivatives accounted for as hedges:								
Foreign exchange contracts	\$	56	\$	121	\$	24	\$	115
Commodity contracts		20		77		74		5
Interest rate contracts		6		644		58		13
	\$	82	\$	842	\$	156	\$	133
Derivatives not accounted for as hedges:					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u></u>
Foreign exchange contracts	\$	37	\$	20	\$	21	\$	48
Commodity contracts		326		307		202		114
Interest rate contracts		77		43		59		21
	\$	440	\$	370	\$	282	\$	183
Total fair value	\$	522	\$	1,212	\$	438	\$	316

We include the fair value of our asset derivatives within other current assets and the fair value of our liability derivatives within other current liabilities.

The fair values of our derivative instruments at September 30, 2011 were determined using:

	Fair Va	Fotal alue of Net / (Liability)	Quoted Active for lo As (Le	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)			
Foreign exchange contracts Commodity contracts Interest rate contracts	\$	(48) (38) (604)	\$	(in mi - (36) -	\$ (48) (2) (604)	\$	- - -
Total derivatives	\$	(690)	\$	(36)	\$ (654)	\$	_

Level 2 financial assets and liabilities consist of foreign exchange forwards and currency swaps; commodity forwards, and options; and interest rate swaps. Foreign currency contracts are valued using an income approach based on observable market forward rates less the contract rate multiplied by the notional amount. Commodity derivatives are valued using an income approach based on the observable market commodity index prices less the contract rate multiplied by the notional amount. Our calculation of the fair value of interest rate swaps is derived from a discounted cash flow analysis based on the terms of the contract and the observable market interest rate curve. Our calculation of the fair value of financial instruments takes into consideration the risk of nonperformance, including counterparty credit risk.

Derivative Volume:

The net notional values of our derivative instruments as of September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 were:

		Notional	Amount	
	Sept	ember 30, 2011		ember 31, 2010
		(in mil	lions)	
Foreign exchange contracts:				
Intercompany loans and forecasted interest payments	\$	2,654	\$	2,183
Forecasted transactions		1,412		1,946
Commodity contracts		913		630
Interest rate contracts		5,064		5,167
Net investment hedge – euro notes		3,815		3,814
Net investment hedge – pound sterling notes		1,013		1,015

Cash Flow Hedges:

Cash flow hedge activity within accumulated other comprehensive earnings / (losses), net of income taxes, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 was as follows:

	F	or the Three Septem	 nded		For the Nine Months Ende September 30,		
	2	2011	2010		2011		2010
			(in mil	lions)			
Accumulated gain / (loss) at beginning of period Transfer of realized gains in fair value	\$	(56)	\$ (66)	\$	79	\$	101
to earnings Unrealized loss in fair value Accumulated loss at September 30	\$	(1) (365) (422)	\$ (7) (87) (160)	\$	(18) (483) (422)	\$	(13) (248) (160)

The gains / (losses) recognized in other comprehensive income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 were:

		For the Three Months Ended September 30,					For the Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2	20	010	2	2011		2010			
				(in mil	lions)					
Foreign exchange contracts –										
intercompany loans	\$	_	\$	2	\$	1	\$	3		
Foreign exchange contracts –										
forecasted transactions		59		(4)		(14)		21		
Commodity contracts		(33)		32		(37)		29		
Interest rate contracts		(391)		(117)		(433)		(301)		
Total	\$	(365)	\$	(87)	\$	(483)	\$	(248)		

The gains / (losses) reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income into earnings for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 were:

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,					For the Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2011			10	20	2011		010	
				(in mi	llions)				
Foreign exchange contracts –									
intercompany loans	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
Foreign exchange contracts –									
forecasted transactions		(12)		_		(45)		14	
Commodity contracts		13		7		64		_	
Interest rate contracts		_		_		(1)		(1)	
Total	\$	1	\$	7	\$	18	\$	13	

The gains / (losses) on ineffectiveness recognized in earnings for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 were:

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,					For the Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	20)11	20	10	20	011	2	010	
				(in mi	llions)				
Foreign exchange contracts – intercompany loans	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
Foreign exchange contracts – forecasted transactions		_		_		_		_	
Commodity contracts		(2)		3		2		(6)	
Interest rate contracts		4		_		(2)		_	
Total	\$	2	\$	3	\$	_	\$	(6)	

The gains / (losses) on the amount excluded from effectiveness testing recognized in earnings for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 were:

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,					Months Endeo	I	
	20)11	20	010	20	11	20	010
				(in m	illions)			
Foreign exchange contracts – intercompany loans Foreign exchange contracts –	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
forecasted transactions		_		_		_		_
Commodity contracts		4		3		4		2
Interest rate contracts								
Total	\$	4	\$	3	\$	4	\$	2

We record (i) the gain or loss reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive earnings / (losses) into earnings, (ii) the gain or loss on ineffectiveness, and (iii) the gain or loss on the amount excluded from effectiveness testing in:

- cost of sales for commodity contracts;
- · cost of sales for foreign exchange contracts related to forecasted transactions; and
- interest and other expense, net for interest rate contracts and foreign exchange contracts related to intercompany loans.

We expect to transfer unrealized losses of \$44 million (net of taxes) for commodity cash flow hedges, unrealized gains of \$50 million (net of taxes) for foreign currency cash flow hedges and unrealized losses of \$11 million (net of taxes) for interest rate cash flow hedges to earnings during the next 12 months.

As of September 30, 2011, we have hedged forecasted transactions over the following periods:

- commodity transactions for periods not exceeding the next 18 months;
- · interest rate transactions for periods not exceeding the next 31 years and 7 months; and
- foreign currency transactions for periods not exceeding the next 12 months.

Fair Value Hedges:

The effects of our interest rate contract fair value hedges for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 were:

	F	For the Three Months Ended September 30,				For the Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	20)11	20	10	2	011	20	010	
		(in millions)							
Gain / (loss) recognized in income on:									
Derivatives	\$	1	\$	3	\$	(2)	\$	6	
Borrowings		(1)		(3)		2		(6)	

We include the gain or loss on hedged long-term debt and the offsetting loss or gain on the related interest rate swap in interest and other expense, net.

Economic Hedges:

The effects of economic hedges which are not designated as hedging instruments for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 were:

	Gain / (Loss) Recognized in Earnings								Location of
	For the Three Months Ended September 30,			For the Nine Months End September 30,			nded	Gain / (Loss) Recognized	
	20	011	2	010		011	2010		in Earnings
				(in mil	lions)				
Foreign exchange contracts:									
Intercompany loans and									
forecasted interest payments	\$	20	\$	35	\$	(18)	\$	58	Interest expense
Forecasted transactions		15		(3)		9		(1)	Cost of sales
Forecasted transactions		(2)		_		3		(17)	Interest expense
Cadbury acquisition related		_		_		_		(395)	Interest expense
Interest rate contracts		(3)		(1)		(4)		4	Interest expense
Commodity contracts		40		29		195		40	Cost of sales
Total	\$	70	\$	60	\$	185	\$	(311)	

The 2010 hedging losses related to the Cadbury acquisition were economically offset by foreign exchange movement net gains of \$240 million on the British pound cash, borrowings on the senior unsecured bridge facility utilized for the Cadbury acquisition and other payable balances associated with the acquisition.

Hedges of Net Investments in Foreign Operations:

The effects of hedges of net investments in foreign operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 were:

			Location of							
		For the Three Months Ended September 30,							nded	Gain / (Loss) Recorded in
		2011		2010		2011	2010	AOCI		
				(in mil	lions)					
Euro notes	\$	202	\$	(253)	\$	(1)	\$ 125	Currency Translation Adjustment		
Pound sterling notes		19		_		1	-	Currency Translation Adjustment		

Note 12. Commitments and Contingencies

Legal Proceedings:

We routinely are involved in legal proceedings, claims and governmental inspections or investigations ("Legal Matters") arising in the ordinary course of our business.

Other information regarding Legal Matters is available in the Legal Proceedings discussions in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010, and is incorporated by reference into this report.

While we cannot predict with certainty the results of any Legal Matters in which we are currently involved, we do not expect that the ultimate costs to resolve any of these matters will have a material effect on our financial results.

Third-Party Guarantees:

We have third-party guarantees primarily covering the long-term obligations of our vendors. As part of those transactions, we guarantee that third parties will make contractual payments or achieve performance measures. At September 30, 2011, the carrying amount of our third-party guarantees on our condensed consolidated balance sheet and the maximum potential payment under these guarantees was \$22 million. Substantially all of these guarantees expire at various times through 2018.

Note 13. Income Taxes

As of January 1, 2011, our unrecognized tax benefits were \$1,281 million. If we had recognized all of these benefits, the net impact on our income tax provision would have been \$1,062 million. Our unrecognized tax benefits increased \$245 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2011 for additions based on prior year tax positions and current year tax positions, partially offset by decreases from positions taken during prior periods and adjustments for currency. As of September 30, 2011, our unrecognized tax benefits were \$1,526 million. If we had recognized all of these benefits, the net impact on our income tax provision would have been \$1,304 million.

The amount of unrecognized tax benefits could decrease by approximately \$160 – \$200 million during the next 12 months due to audit settlements and the expiration of statutes of limitations in various jurisdictions.

We include accrued interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions in our tax provision. As of January 1, 2011, we had \$246 million of accrued interest and penalties. The increase in accrued interest and penalties during the nine months ended September 30, 2011 was \$26 million.

Our income tax returns are regularly examined by various federal, state and foreign tax authorities. The U.S. federal statute of limitations remains open for all tax periods beginning with the 2004 tax year. The IRS is currently examining our 2004 – 2006 tax returns and we expect this examination to close during 2012. Our income tax filings are also currently under examination by taxing authorities in various U.S. state and foreign jurisdictions have statutes of limitations generally ranging from three to five years, however these statutes are often extended by mutual agreement with the tax authorities. Years still open to examination by foreign tax authorities in major jurisdictions include (earliest open tax year in parentheses): Germany (1999), Brazil (2005), Canada (2003), Spain (2002), France (2006), United Kingdom (2006), Australia (2008), Russia (2004) and India (2003).

Note 14. Earnings Per Share

Basic and diluted EPS were calculated using the following:

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,				For the Nine Septer	Months E nber 30,	nded	
		2011	- :	2010		2011		2010
			(in r	nillions, exce	pt per sh	are data)		<u></u>
Earnings from continuing operations Earnings and gain from discontinued	\$	927	\$	760	\$	2,705	\$	1,948
operations, net of income taxes Net earnings		<u> </u>				2,705		1,644 3,592
Noncontrolling interest	φ.	5	Φ.	6		8	<u></u>	18
Net earnings attributable to Kraft Foods	<u>\$</u>	922	<u>\$</u>	754	\$	2,697	\$	3,574
Weighted-average shares for basic EPS Plus incremental shares from assumed conversions of stock options and		1,770		1,748		1,763		1,702
long-term incentive plan shares		7		6		7		6
Weighted-average shares for diluted EPS		1,777		1,754		1,770		1,708
Basic earnings per share attributable to Kraft Foods:								
Continuing operations Discontinued operations	\$	0.52 _	\$	0.43	\$	1.53 —	\$	1.13 0.97
Net earnings attributable to Kraft Foods	\$	0.52	\$	0.43	\$	1.53	\$	2.10
Diluted earnings per share attributable to Kraft Foods:								
Continuing operations Discontinued operations	\$	0.52 –	\$	0.43	\$	1.52 _	\$	1.13 0.96
Net earnings attributable to Kraft Foods	\$	0.52	\$	0.43	\$	1.52	\$	2.09

We exclude antidilutive Kraft Foods stock options from our calculation of weighted-average shares for diluted EPS. We excluded 10.2 million antidilutive stock options for the three months and 13.5 million antidilutive stock options for the nine months ended September 30, 2011, and we excluded 31.3 million antidilutive stock options for the three months and 27.8 million antidilutive stock options for the nine months ended September 30, 2010.

Note 15. Segment Reporting

We manufacture and market packaged food products, including snacks, beverages, cheese, convenient meals and various packaged grocery products. We manage and report operating results through three geographic units: Kraft Foods North America, Kraft Foods Europe and Kraft Foods Developing Markets. We manage the operations of Kraft Foods North America and Kraft Foods Europe by product category and we manage the operations of Kraft Foods Developing Markets by location. Our reportable segments are U.S. Beverages, U.S. Cheese, U.S. Convenient Meals, U.S. Grocery, U.S. Snacks, Canada & N.A. Foodservice, Kraft Foods Europe and Kraft Foods Developing Markets.

Management uses segment operating income to evaluate segment performance and allocate resources. We believe it is appropriate to disclose this measure to help investors analyze segment performance and trends. Segment operating income excludes unrealized gains and losses on hedging activities (which are a component of cost of sales), certain components of our U.S. pension plan cost (which are a component of cost of sales and selling, general and administrative expenses), general corporate expenses (which are a component of selling, general and administrative expenses) and amortization of intangibles for all periods presented. We exclude the unrealized gains and losses on hedging activities from segment operating income in order to provide better transparency of our segment operating results. Once realized, the gains and losses on hedging activities are recorded within segment operating results. We exclude certain components of our U.S. pension plan cost from segment operating income because we centrally manage pension plan funding decisions and the determination of discount rate, expected rate of return on plan assets and other actuarial assumptions. Therefore, we allocate only the service cost component of our U.S. pension plan expense to segment operating income. Furthermore, we centrally manage interest and other expense, net. Accordingly, we do not present these items by segment because they are excluded from the segment profitability measure reviewed by management.

Segment data were:

	For the Three Septem		Ended	For the Nine Months Ended September 30.			Ended
	2011		2010		2011		2010
			(in mi	lions)			
\$		\$		\$		\$	2,463
							2,505
							2,415
							2,518
	1,579		1,505		4,581		4,413
	1,272		1,164		3,735		3,408
	3,099		2,670		9,640		8,172
	3,994		3,320		11,650		9,540
\$	13,226	\$	11,863	\$	39,677	\$	35,434
For the Three Months Ended							
	2011		2010		2011	ibei 30,	2010
			(in mi	lions)	-		
\$	101 145 105 292 221 171 334 582	\$	131 169 82 244 216 160 332 370	\$	400 422 309 963 606 510 1,057 1,505	\$	481 439 267 887 663 435 956 1,158
	(4)		16		(42)		_
	(57)		(42)		(143)		(123
	` '		` ,		` ,		(591
							(146
	1,698		1,519		5,150		4,426
	425		433		1,312		1,496
	4/5						
		\$ 681 902 863 836 1,579 1,272 3,099 3,994 \$ 13,226 For the Three Septem 2011 \$ 101 145 105 292 221 171 334 582 (4) (57) (134) (58)	\$ 681 \$ 902 863 836 1,579 1,272 3,099 3,994 \$ 13,226 \$ For the Three Months E September 30, 2011 \$ 145 105 292 221 171 334 582 (4) (57) (134) (58)	\$ 681 \$ 756 902 863 863 806 836 779 1,579 1,505 1,272 1,164 3,099 2,670 3,994 3,320 \$ 13,226 \$ 11,863 For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2010 (in mil september 30, 2010) \$ 105 82 292 244 221 216 171 160 334 332 582 370 (4) 16 (57) (42) (134) (106) (58) (53)	\$ 681 \$ 756 \$ 902 863 863 806 836 779 1,579 1,505 1,272 1,164 3,099 2,670 3,994 3,320 \$ 13,226 \$ 11,863 \$ \$	\$ 681 \$ 756 \$ 2,281 \$ 902 863 2,651 863 806 2,536 836 779 2,603 1,579 1,505 4,581 1,272 1,164 3,735 3,099 2,670 9,640 3,994 3,320 11,650 \$ 13,226 \$ 11,863 \$ 39,677 \$	\$ 681 \$ 756 \$ 2,281 \$ 902 863 2,651 863 806 2,536 836 779 2,603 1,579 1,505 4,581 1,272 1,164 3,735 3,099 2,670 9,640 3,994 3,320 11,650 \$ 13,226 \$ 11,863 \$ 39,677 \$ \$

On March 1, 2011, the Starbucks Coffee Company ("Starbucks"), without our authorization and in what we contend is a violation and breach of our agreements with Starbucks, took control of the Starbucks packaged coffee business ("Starbucks CPG business") in grocery stores and other channels, after alleging Kraft had breached the CPG Agreements. The dispute is pending in Arbitration in Chicago, Illinois, where we are seeking appropriate remedies, including but not limited to payment of the Fair Market Value of the Agreement plus the premium the agreements specify and with Starbucks counterclaiming for unspecified damages. The results of the Starbucks CPG business were included primarily in our U.S. Beverage and Canada and N.A. Foodservice segments through March 1, 2011.

We incurred charges under the Integration Program of \$112 million for the three months and \$352 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011, and \$92 million for the three months and \$284 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2010. We recorded these charges within selling, general and administrative expenses and cost of sales primarily within our Kraft Foods Europe and Kraft Foods Developing Markets segments as well as general corporate expenses.

The increase in general corporate expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2011 was due primarily to the timing of certain selling, general and administrative expenses. The decrease in general corporate expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 was due primarily to Cadbury acquisition-related transaction fees in the prior year.

We reversed \$11 million of previously accrued costs savings initiative charges during the three months and \$34 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011. We recorded these reversals, which were primarily related to severance charges for previously announced and planned position eliminations that did not occur, in operations, primarily within selling, general and administrative expenses across all reportable business segments, except Kraft Foods Europe. We incurred charges associated with our cost savings initiatives of \$17 million for the three months and \$93 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2010.

Net revenues by consumer sector, which includes Kraft macaroni and cheese dinners in the Convenient Meals sector and the separation of Canada & N.A. Foodservice, Kraft Foods Europe and Kraft Foods Developing Markets into sector components, were:

		For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2011									
Biscuits Confectionery Beverages Cheese Grocery Convenient Meals	Kraft Foods North America	Kraft Foods Europe (in m	Kraft Foods Developing Markets iillions)	Total							
	\$ 1,503 499 799 1,320 748 1,264 \$ 6,133	\$ 638 1,286 727 288 83 77 \$ 3,099	\$ 889 1,949 707 249 169 31 \$ 3,994	\$ 3,030 3,734 2,233 1,857 1,000 1,372 \$ 13,226							
Total net revenues	Ψ 0,133	<u>Ψ 3,099</u>	<u>Ψ 3,994</u>	$\frac{\psi = 13,220}{}$							

		naca ocptember 60, 2020					
	Kraft Foods North America		ft Foods urope	Kraft Foods Developing Markets			Total
			(in millions	as revise	ed)		
Biscuits (1)	\$	1,394	\$ 515	\$	681	\$	2,590
Confectionery (1)		481	1,184		1,674		3,339
Beverages (1)		895	579		595		2,069
Cheese		1,226	233		209		1,668
Grocery		700	86		130		916
Convenient Meals		1,177	73		31		1,281
Total net revenues	\$	5,873	\$ 2,670	\$	3,320	\$	11,863

For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2010

	<u></u>	For the f	Nine Months End	ded Sep	tember 30, 201	1	
	Kraft Fo North Am		Kraft Foods Kraft Foods Developing Europe Markets		eveloping		Total
			(in mil	lions)			
Biscuits	\$ 4	360 \$	1,950	\$	2,496	\$	8,806
Confectionery	1	379	4,042		5,714		11,135
Beverages	2	697	2,260		2,143		7,100
Cheese	3	882	890		724		5,496
Grocery	2	404	271		477		3,152
Convenient Meals	3	665	227		96		3,988
Total net revenues	<u>\$ 18</u>	387 \$	9,640	\$	11,650	\$	39,677

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2010								
	Kraft Foods North America		Kraft Foods Europe		Kraft Foods Developing Markets			Total	
	(in millions; as revised)								
Biscuits (1)	\$	4,157	\$	1,730	\$	1,955	\$	7,842	
Confectionery (1)		1,258		3,495		4,626		9,379	
Beverages (1)		2,857		1,776		1,832		6,465	
Cheese		3,618		715		634		4,967	
Grocery		2,363		254		401		3,018	
Convenient Meals		3,469		202		92		3,763	
Total net revenues	\$	17,722	\$	8,172	\$	9,540	\$	35,434	

⁽¹⁾ Within the above sector revenues disclosures, we reclassified certain net revenues as of September 30, 2010 to conform to the current year presentation.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

Description of the Company

We manufacture and market packaged food products, including snacks, beverages, cheese, convenient meals and various packaged grocery products. We have operations in more than 75 countries and sell our products in approximately 170 countries.

Proposed Spin-Off Transaction

On August 4, 2011, we announced that our Board of Directors intends to create two independent public companies: (i) a global snacks business (the "Global Snacks Business") and (ii) a North American grocery business (the "North American Grocery Business"). The Global Snacks Business will consist of our current Kraft Foods Europe and Developing Markets segments as well as our North American snack and confectionary brands. The North American Grocery Business will primarily consist of our current U.S. Beverages, Cheese, Convenient Meals and Grocery segments, grocery-related categories in our Canada & N.A. Foodservice segment as well as the *Planters* and *Corn Nuts* brands and businesses. We expect to create these companies through a U.S. tax-free spin-off of the North American Grocery Business to our shareholders.

The transaction is subject to a number of conditions, including the receipt of regulatory approvals, a favorable ruling from the Internal Revenue Service to ensure the U.S. tax-free status of the spin-off, execution of intercompany agreements, further diligence as appropriate and final approval from our Board of Directors. While our current target is to complete the spin-off before year-end 2012, we cannot assure that the spin-off will be completed on the anticipated timeline or that the terms of the spin-off will not change. See "Part II, Item 1A. Risk Factors" for certain risk factors relating to the proposed spin-off transaction. The disclosures within this Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations are on a consolidated Kraft Foods Inc. basis and do not take into account the proposed spin-off of the North American Grocery Business.

Summary of Results

- Net revenues increased 11.5% to \$13.2 billion in the third quarter of 2011 and increased 12.0% to \$39.7 billion in the first nine months of 2011 as compared to the same periods in the prior year.
- Organic net revenues increased 8.4% to \$12.7 billion in the third quarter of 2011 and increased 6.7% to \$37.2 billion in the first nine months of 2011 as compared to the same periods in the prior year.
- Diluted EPS attributable to Kraft Foods increased 20.9% to \$0.52 in the third quarter of 2011 as compared to \$0.43 for the same period in the prior year. Diluted EPS attributable to Kraft Foods decreased 27.3% to \$1.52 in the first nine months of 2011 as compared to \$2.09 for the same period in the prior year. The first nine months of 2010 included \$0.96 related to discontinued operations from our divestiture of our North American frozen pizza business. Diluted EPS attributable to Kraft Foods from continuing operations increased 34.5% to \$1.52 in the first nine months of 2011 as compared to \$1.13 for the same period in the prior year.
- Operating EPS attributable to Kraft Foods increased 23.4% to \$0.58 in the third quarter of 2011 as compared to \$0.47 for the same period in the prior year. Operating EPS attributable to Kraft Foods increased 10.3% to \$1.72 in the first nine months of 2011 as compared to \$1.56 for the same period in the prior year.

Discussion and Analysis

Items Affecting Comparability of Financial Results

Acquisitions and Divestitures

Cadbury Acquisition and related Divestitures:

On February 2, 2010, we acquired 71.73% of Cadbury Limited ("Cadbury") and as of June 1, 2010, we owned 100% of all outstanding Cadbury Shares. The Cadbury acquisition was valued at \$18,547 million, or \$17,503 million net of cash and cash equivalents.

As part of our Cadbury acquisition, we expensed and incurred transaction-related fees of \$2 million for the three months and \$217 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2010. We recorded these expenses within selling, general and administrative expenses. We also incurred acquisition financing fees of \$96 million in the first guarter of 2010. We recorded these expenses within interest and other expense, net.

The EU Commission required, as a condition of our Cadbury acquisition, that we divest certain Cadbury confectionery operations in Poland and Romania. In the third quarter of 2010, we completed the sale of the assets of the confectionery operations in Poland and Romania. The total proceeds from the divestitures were \$342 million and the impacts of these divestitures were reflected as adjustments to the purchase price allocations.

Cadbury contributed net revenues of \$6,376 million and net earnings of \$369 million from February 2, 2010 through September 30, 2010. The following unaudited pro forma summary presents Kraft Foods' consolidated information as if Cadbury had been acquired on January 1, 2010. These amounts were calculated after conversion to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"), applying our accounting policies, and adjusting Cadbury's results to reflect the additional depreciation and amortization that would have been charged assuming the fair value adjustments to property, plant and equipment, and intangible assets had been applied from January 1, 2010, together with the consequential tax effects. These adjustments also reflect the additional interest expense incurred on the debt to finance the purchase and the divestitures of the Cadbury confectionery operations in Poland and Romania.

> Nine Months Ended September 30, 2010 (in millions) \$ 35,997

Pro forma for the

Net revenues Net earnings attributable to Kraft Foods

3,420

For the Nine

Pizza Divestiture:

On March 1, 2010, we completed the sale of the assets of our North American frozen pizza business ("Frozen Pizza") to Nestlé USA, Inc. for \$3.7 billion. Accordingly, the results of the Frozen Pizza business have been reflected as discontinued operations on the condensed consolidated statement of earnings in the prior-period results.

Summary results of operations for the Frozen Pizza business through September 30, 2010 were:

	Septem	ths Ended ber 30, 2010 millions)
Net revenues	\$	335
Earnings before income taxes	<u> </u>	73
Provision for income taxes		(25)
Gain on discontinued operations, net of income taxes		1,596
Earnings and gain from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	\$	1,644

Earnings before income taxes related to the Frozen Pizza business excluded overhead allocations of \$25 million during 2010 prior to the divestiture. The gain on discontinued operations from the sale of the Frozen Pizza business included a \$1.2 billion tax expense.

Integration Program

Our combination with Cadbury has the potential for meaningful synergies and cost savings. We expect to recognize annual cost savings of at least \$750 million by the end of the third year following completion of the acquisition. Additionally, we expect to create revenue synergies from investments in distribution, marketing and product development. In order to achieve these cost savings and synergies, we expect to incur total integration charges of approximately \$1.5 billion in the first three years following the acquisition to combine and integrate the two businesses (the "Integration Program").

Integration Program costs include the costs associated with combining our operations with Cadbury's and are separate from the costs related to the acquisition. We incurred charges under the Integration Program of \$112 million for the three months and \$352 for the nine months ended September 30, 2011, and \$92 million for the three months and \$284 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2010. We recorded these charges within selling, general and administrative expenses and cost of sales primarily within our Kraft Foods Europe and Kraft Foods Developing Markets segments as well as general corporate expenses. Since the inception of the Integration Program, we have incurred approximately \$1.0 billion of the \$1.5 billion in expected charges. At September 30, 2011, we had an accrual of \$333 million related to the Integration Program.

Within our Integration Program, we include certain costs along with exit and disposal costs that are directly attributable to those activities although they do not qualify for treatment as exit or disposal costs under U.S. GAAP. These costs, which we commonly refer to as other project costs or implementation costs, generally include the integration and reorganization of operations and facilities, the discontinuance of certain product lines and the incremental expenses related to the closure of facilities. Management believes the disclosure and inclusion of these charges provides readers of our financial statements greater transparency to the total costs of our Integration Program.

Starbucks CPG Business

On March 1, 2011, the Starbucks Coffee Company ("Starbucks"), without our authorization and in what we contend is a violation and breach of our agreements with Starbucks, took control of the Starbucks packaged coffee business ("Starbucks CPG business") in grocery stores and other channels, after alleging Kraft had breached the CPG Agreements. The dispute is pending in Arbitration in Chicago, Illinois with Kraft seeking appropriate remedies, including but not limited to payment of the Fair Market Value of the Agreement plus the premium the agreements specify and with Starbucks counterclaiming for unspecified damages. The results of the Starbucks CPG business were included primarily in our U.S. Beverage and Canada and N.A. Foodservice segments through March 1, 2011.

Accounting Calendar Changes in 2011 and 2010

The majority of our operating subsidiaries report results as of the last Saturday of the period. A portion of our international operating subsidiaries report results as of the last Calendar day of the period or two weeks prior to the last Saturday of the period.

In the second quarter of 2011, we changed the consolidation date for certain operations of our Kraft Foods Europe segment and operations in certain regions of our Kraft Foods Developing Markets segment [Latin America and Central and Eastern Europe, Middle East and Africa ("CEEMA")]. Previously, these operations primarily reported results two weeks prior to the end of the period. Now, our Kraft Foods Europe segment reports results as of the last Saturday of each period. Our operations in Latin America and certain operations in CEEMA report results as of the last calendar day of the period. These changes resulted in a favorable impact to net revenues of \$360 million and a favorable impact of \$50 million to operating income.

In the second quarter of 2010, we changed the consolidation date for certain European biscuits operations within our Kraft Foods Europe segment and certain operations in Asia Pacific within our Kraft Foods Developing Markets segment. Previously, these operations primarily reported periodend results one month prior to the end of the period and moved to reporting results two weeks prior to the last Saturday of the period. These changes resulted in a favorable impact to net revenues of \$70 million and had an insignificant impact on operating income.

We believe these changes are preferable and will improve business planning and financial reporting by better matching the close dates of the operating subsidiaries within our Kraft Foods Europe segment and Kraft Foods Developing Markets segment and by bringing the reporting date closer to the period-end date. As the impact to prior-period results was not material, we have not revised prior-period results.

Provision for Income Taxes

Our effective tax rate was 27.2% in the third quarter of 2011 and 29.5% in the first nine months of 2011. The 2011 third quarter effective tax rate was favorably impacted by net discrete items totaling \$111 million, primarily from the revaluation of U.K. deferred tax assets and liabilities resulting from tax legislation enacted during the quarter that reduced U.K. corporate income tax rates, and the reversal of valuation allowances on certain foreign deferred tax assets that are now expected to be realized. For the first nine months of 2011, our effective tax rate was favorably impacted by net discrete items totaling \$168 million, primarily from the revaluation of U.K. deferred tax assets and liabilities in the third quarter, the reversal of valuation allowances on certain foreign deferred tax assets in the third quarter and the net favorable impact from various U.S. federal, U.S. state and foreign tax audit developments year to date.

Our effective tax rate was 30.0% in the third quarter of 2010 and 33.5% in the first nine months of 2010. Our third quarter 2010 effective tax rate included net tax benefits of \$68 million, primarily resulting from several items in our international operations. For the first nine months of 2010, our effective tax rate included net tax benefits of \$100 million. These net benefits were primarily due to the second quarter resolution of a federal tax audit, the tax impacts of the highly inflationary accounting adjustments related to our Venezuelan subsidiaries, and the resolution of several items in our international operations, partially offset by a \$137 million write-off of deferred tax assets as a result of the U.S. health care legislation enacted in March 2010.

Consolidated Results of Operations

The following discussion compares our consolidated results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010.

Three Months Ended September 30:

	For the Three Septer	Months Inber 30,	Ended		
	 2011 2010 (in millions, except per share data)			\$ <u>change</u>	% change
Net revenues	\$ 13,226	\$	11,863	\$ 1,363	11.5%
Operating income	1,698		1,519	179	11.8%
Earnings from continuing operations	927		760	167	22.0%
Net earnings attributable to Kraft Foods	\$ 922	\$	754	\$ 168	22.3%
Diluted earnings per share attributable to Kraft Foods from continuing operations	\$ 0.52	\$	0.43	\$ 0.09	20.9%
Diluted earnings per share attributable to Kraft Foods	\$ 0.52	\$	0.43	\$ 0.09	20.9%

Net Revenues – Net revenues increased \$1,363 million (11.5%) to \$13,226 million in the third quarter of 2011, and organic net revenues increased \$983 million (8.4%) to \$12,691 million as follows.

Change in net revenues (by percentage point)	
Higher net pricing	7.0pp
Favorable volume/mix	1.4pp
Total change in organic net revenues (1)	8.4%
Favorable foreign currency	4.6pp
Impact of divestitures (including for reporting purposes	
the Starbucks CPG business)	(1.5)pp
Total change in net revenues	11.5%

⁽¹⁾ Please see the Non-GAAP Financial Measures section at the end of this item.

Organic net revenues growth was driven by higher net pricing and favorable volume/mix. Higher net pricing was reflected across all reportable business segments as we increased pricing to offset higher input costs. Favorable volume/mix was driven primarily by higher shipments in Kraft Foods Developing Markets and Kraft Foods Europe. Favorable foreign currency increased net revenues by \$535 million, due primarily to the strength of the euro, Australian dollar, Canadian dollar, Brazilian real, British pound, Swiss franc and Russian ruble versus the U.S. dollar. These gains were partially offset by the impact of divestitures (including for reporting purposes the Starbucks CPG business).

Operating Income – Operating income increased \$179 million (11.8%) to \$1,698 million in the third quarter of 2011, due to the following:

	O _I (in	Change (percentage point)	
Operating Income for the Three Months			
Ended September 30, 2010	\$	1,519	
Integration Program costs		92	6.4pp
2010 acquisition-related costs associated with Cadbury		2	0.2pp
Underlying Operating Income for the Three Months			
Ended September 30, 2010 (1)	\$	1,613	
Higher net pricing		824	52.6pp
Higher input costs		(656)	(41.8)pp
Favorable volume/mix		48	3.0pp
Higher selling, general and administrative expenses		(33)	(2.1)pp
Change in unrealized gains/losses on hedging activities		(20)	(1.3)pp
Favorable foreign currency		73	4.5pp
Decreased operating income from divestitures (including for			
reporting purposes the Starbucks CPG business)		(36)	(2.4)pp
Other, net		(3)	(0.3)pp
Total change in underlying operating income		197	12.2%
Underlying Operating Income for the Three Months			
Ended September 30, 2011 (1)	\$	1,810	
Integration Program costs		(112)	(7.0)pp
Operating Income for the Three Months			
Ended September 30, 2011	<u>\$</u>	1,698	11.8%

⁽¹⁾ Please see the Non-GAAP Financial Measures section at the end of this item.

Higher pricing outpaced increased input costs during the quarter. The increase in input costs was driven by significantly higher raw material costs, partially offset by lower manufacturing costs due to our end-to-end cost management program. Favorable volume/mix was driven by strong contributions from Kraft Foods Developing Markets and Kraft Foods Europe, partially offset by a net decline for the segments within Kraft Foods North America. Total selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$108 million over the third quarter of 2010. Excluding the impacts of divestitures (including for reporting purposes the Starbucks CPG business), foreign currency and our Cadbury acquisition (including Integration Program and acquisition-related costs), selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$33 million from the third quarter of 2010. Favorable foreign currency increased operating income by \$73 million, due primarily to the strength of the euro, Australian dollar, Canadian dollar and Brazilian real versus the U.S. dollar. The impact of divestitures, including for reporting purposes the Starbucks CPG business and the 2010 divestitures of certain *Cadbury* confectionery operations in Poland and Romania, decreased operating income by \$36 million. The change in unrealized gains/losses on hedging activities also decreased operating income by \$20 million, as we recognized losses of \$4 million in the third quarter of 2011, versus gains of \$16 million in the third quarter of 2010. As a result of the net effect of these drivers, operating income margin was unchanged, at 12.8% in both the third quarter of 2010 and the third quarter of 2011. Our operating income margin was flat as overhead leverage offset the decline in gross profit margin which reflected the impact of the higher revenue base on the margin calculation.

Net Earnings and Diluted Earnings per Share Attributable to Kraft Foods – Net earnings attributable to Kraft Foods of \$922 million increased by \$168 million (22.3%) in the third quarter of 2011. Diluted EPS attributable to Kraft Foods was \$0.52 in the third quarter of 2011, up \$0.09 from \$0.43 in the third quarter of 2010. These changes were due to the following:

	Dilu	ited EPS
Diluted EPS Attributable to Kraft Foods for the Three		
Months Ended September 30, 2010	\$	0.43
Acquisition-related costs		(0.01)
Integration Program costs		0.05
Operating EPS for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2010 (1)		0.47
Increases in operations		0.07
Decreased operating income from divestitures (including for		
reporting purposes the Starbucks CPG business)		(0.01)
Change in unrealized gains/losses on hedging activities		(0.01)
Favorable foreign currency		0.03
Changes in taxes		0.04
Higher shares outstanding		(0.01)
Operating EPS for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2011 (1)		0.58
Integration Program costs		(0.06)
Diluted EPS Attributable to Kraft Foods for the Three		
Months Ended September 30, 2011	<u>\$</u>	0.52

⁽¹⁾ Please see the Non-GAAP Financial Measures section at the end of this item.

Nine Months Ended September 30:

		September, 30						
		2011 2010		\$ change		% change		
	(i	n millions, exce						
Net revenues	\$	39,677	\$	35,434	\$	4,243	12.0%	
Operating income		5,150		4,426		724	16.4%	
Earnings from continuing operations		2,705		1,948		757	38.9%	
Net earnings attributable to Kraft Foods	\$	2,697	\$	3,574	\$	(877)	(24.5%)	
Diluted earnings per share attributable to Kraft Foods from continuing operations	\$	1.52	\$	1.13	\$	0.39	34.5%	
Diluted earnings per share attributable to Kraft Foods	\$	1.52	\$	2.09	\$	(0.57)	(27.3%)	

For the Nine Months Ended

Net Revenues – Net revenues increased \$4,243 million (12.0%) to \$39,677 million in the first nine months of 2011, and organic net revenues increased \$2,352 million (6.7%) to \$37,230 million as follows.

Change in net revenues (by percentage point)	
Higher net pricing	5.4pp
Favorable volume/mix	1.3pp
Total change in organic net revenues (1)	6.7%
Favorable foreign currency	3.8pp
Impact of the Cadbury acquisition ⁽²⁾	2.0pp
Impact of accounting calendar changes	0.8pp
Impact of divestitures (including for reporting purposes the	
Starbucks CPG business)	(1.3)pp
Total change in net revenues	12.0%

(1) Please see the Non-GAAP Financial Measures section at the end of this item.

(2) Impact of acquisition reflects the incremental January 2011 operating results from our Cadbury acquisition.

Organic net revenues growth was driven by higher net pricing and favorable volume/mix. Higher net pricing was reflected across all reportable business segments as we increased pricing to offset higher input costs. Favorable volume/mix was driven primarily by higher shipments in Kraft Foods Developing Markets and Kraft Foods Europe. Favorable foreign currency increased net revenues by \$1,343 million, due primarily to the strength of the euro, Brazilian real, Australian dollar, Canadian dollar, British pound, Swiss franc, and Swedish krona versus the U.S. dollar. The Cadbury acquisition, due to the incremental January 2011 operating results, added \$697 million in net revenues. Excluding the effects of foreign currency, accounting calendar changes added \$316 million in net revenues in the first nine months of 2011, as compared to \$63 million in the first nine months of 2010. These gains were partially offset by the impact of divestitures (including for reporting purposes the Starbucks CPG business).

Operating Income – Operating income increased \$724 million (16.4%) to \$5,150 million in the first nine months of 2011, due to the following:

	i	perating ncome millions)	Change (percentage point)	
Operating Income for the Nine Months				
Ended September 30, 2010	\$	4,426		
Integration Program costs		284	7.1pp	
2010 acquisition-related costs associated with Cadbury		272	6.4pp	
Underlying Operating Income for the Nine Months				
Ended September 30, 2010 (1)	\$	4,982		
Higher net pricing		1,892	38.9pp	
Higher input costs		(1,718)	(35.3)pp	
Favorable volume/mix		` 153 [°]	3.2pp	
Lower selling, general and administrative expenses		7	0.2pp	
Incremental operating income from the Cadbury acquisition (2)		83	1.6pp	
Increased operating income from accounting calendar changes		34	0.7pp	
Change in unrealized gains/losses on hedging activities		(42)	(0.9)pp	
Favorable foreign currency		205	4.1pp	
Decreased operating income from divestitures (including for				
reporting purposes the Starbucks CPG business)		(94)	(2.0)pp	
Other, net			(0.1)pp	
Total change in underlying operating income		520	10.4%	
Underlying Operating Income for the Nine Months				
Ended September 30, 2011 (1)	\$	5,502		
Integration Program costs	Ψ	(352)	(7.5)pp	
Operating Income for the Nine Months		(332)	(7.3)pp	
Ended September 30, 2011	\$	5,150	16.4%	
Elided depteriliber do, Edit	<u> </u>	3,130	10.470	

1) Please see the Non-GAAP Financial Measures section at the end of this item.

Higher pricing outpaced increased input costs during the first nine months of 2011. The increase in input costs was driven by significantly higher raw material costs, as manufacturing costs were essentially flat. Favorable volume/mix was driven by strong contributions from Kraft Foods Developing Markets and Kraft Foods Europe, partially offset by a net decline for the segments within Kraft Foods North America. Total selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$266 million from the first nine months of 2010. Excluding the impacts of divestitures (including for reporting purposes the Starbucks CPG business), foreign currency, accounting calendar changes and our Cadbury acquisition (including Integration Program and acquisition-related costs), selling, general and administrative expenses decreased \$7 million from the first nine months of 2010. The Cadbury acquisition, due to the incremental January 2011 operating results, increased operating income by \$83 million. Favorable foreign currency increased operating income by \$205 million, due primarily to the strength of the euro, Brazilian real, Australian dollar, Canadian dollar and British pound versus the U.S. dollar. Accounting calendar changes added \$34 million in operating income, as we realized operating income from accounting calendar changes of \$44 million (excluding the effects of foreign currency) in the first nine months of 2011, versus \$10 million in the first nine months of 2010. The impact of divestitures, including for reporting purposes the Starbucks CPG business and the 2010 divestitures of certain Cadbury confectionery operations in Poland and Romania, decreased operating income by \$94 million. The change in unrealized gains/losses on hedging activities decreased operating income by \$42 million, as we recognized losses of \$42 million in the first nine months of 2011, versus no net gain or loss in the first nine months of 2010. As a result of the net effect of these drivers, operating income margin increased, from 12.5% in the first nine months of 2010 to 13.0% in the first nine months of 2011. The margin gain was driven primarily by lower corporate expenses reflecting lower acquisition-related costs and overhead leverage, which more than offset the decline in gross profit margin, driven primarily by the impact of the higher revenue base on the margin calculation.

⁽²⁾ Impact of acquisition reflects the incremental January 2011 operating results from our Cadbury acquisition.

Net Earnings and Diluted Earnings per Share Attributable to Kraft Foods - Net earnings attributable to Kraft Foods of \$2,697 million decreased by \$877 million (24.5%) in the first nine months of 2011. Diluted EPS attributable to Kraft Foods from continuing operations was \$1.52 in the first nine months of 2011, up \$0.39 from \$1.13 in the first nine months of 2010. Diluted EPS attributable to Kraft Foods was \$1.52 in the first nine months of 2011, down \$0.57 from \$2.09 in the first nine months of 2010. These changes were due to the following:

	Dilu	ted EPS
Diluted EPS Attributable to Kraft Foods for the Nine Months		
Ended September 30, 2010	\$	2.09
Earnings and gain from discontinued operations, net of income taxes		0.96
Diluted EPS Attributable to Kraft Foods from Continuing Operations		
for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2010		1.13
Acquisition-related costs		0.12
Acquisition-related interest and other expense, net		0.10
Integration Program costs		0.13
U.S. health care legislation impact on deferred taxes		0.08
Operating EPS for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2010 (1)		1.56
Increases in operations		0.14
Increases in operations from the Cadbury acquisition (2)		0.03
Decreased operating income from divestitures (including for reporting		
purposes the Starbucks CPG business)		(0.04)
Increased operating income from accounting calendar changes		0.01
Favorable foreign currency		0.07
Change in unrealized gains/losses on hedging activities		(0.01)
Higher interest and other expense, net (3)		(0.02)
Changes in taxes ⁽⁴⁾		0.04
Higher shares outstanding		(0.06)
Operating EPS for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2011 (1)		1.72
Integration Program costs		(0.20)
Diluted EPS Attributable to Kraft Foods for the Nine Months		
Ended September 30, 2011	\$	1.52

- Please see the Non-GAAP Financial Measures section at the end of this item.
- Impact of acquisition reflects the incremental January 2011 operating results from our Cadbury acquisition.
- Excludes impacts of acquisition-related interest and other expense, net. Excludes the impact of the 2010 U.S. health care legislation on deferred taxes.

Results of Operations by Reportable Segment

We manage and report operating results through three geographic units: Kraft Foods North America, Kraft Foods Europe and Kraft Foods Developing Markets. We manage the operations of Kraft Foods North America and Kraft Foods Europe by product category and we manage the operations of Kraft Foods Developing Markets by location. Our reportable segments are U.S. Beverages, U.S. Cheese, U.S. Convenient Meals, U.S. Grocery, U.S. Snacks, Canada & N.A. Foodservice, Kraft Foods Europe and Kraft Foods Developing Markets.

The following discussion compares the operating results of each of our reportable segments for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010.

		For the Three Months Ended September 30,					For the Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	_	2011		2010		2011		2010		
				(in mi	llions)					
Net revenues:										
Kraft Foods North America:										
U.S. Beverages	\$	681	\$	756	\$	2,281	\$	2,463		
U.S. Cheese		902		863		2,651		2,505		
U.S. Convenient Meals		863		806		2,536		2,415		
U.S. Grocery		836		779		2,603		2,518		
U.S. Snacks		1,579		1,505		4,581		4,413		
Canada & N.A. Foodservice		1,272		1,164		3,735		3,408		
Kraft Foods Europe		3,099		2,670		9,640		8,172		
Kraft Foods Developing Markets		3,994		3,320		11,650		9,540		
Net revenues	\$	13,226	\$	11,863	\$	39,677	\$	35,434		
		:	_				:			
		For the Three	Months	Ended		For the Nine I	Months I	Ended		
	_		nber 30,				nber 30,			
	_	2011		2010 (in mil	llions)	2011		2010		
				(111 1111)						
Operating income:										
Kraft Foods North America:										
U.S. Beverages	\$	101	\$	131	\$	400	\$	481		
U.S. Cheese		145		169		422		439		
U.S. Convenient Meals		105		82		309		267		
U.S. Grocery		292		244		963		887		
U.S. Snacks		221		216		606		663		
Canada & N.A. Foodservice		171		160		510		435		
Kraft Foods Europe		334		332		1,057		956		
Kraft Foods Developing Markets		582		370		1,505		1,158		
Unrealized gains / (losses) on										
hedging activities		(4)		16		(42)				
Certain U.S. pension plan costs		(57)		(42)		(143)		(123)		
General corporate expenses		(134)		(106)		(265)		(591)		
Amortization of intangibles		(58)		(53)		(172)		(146)		
Operating income	<u>\$</u>	1,698	\$	1,519	\$	5,150	\$	4,426		

As discussed in Note 15, Segment Reporting, management uses segment operating income to evaluate segment performance and allocate resources. We believe it is appropriate to disclose this measure to help investors analyze segment performance and trends. Segment operating income excludes unrealized gains and losses on hedging activities (which are a component of cost of sales), certain components of our U.S. pension plan cost (which is a component of cost of sales and selling, general and administrative expenses), general corporate expenses (which are a component of selling, general and administrative expenses) and amortization of intangibles for all periods presented. We exclude the unrealized gains and losses on hedging activities from segment operating income in order to provide better transparency of our segment operating results. Once realized, we record the gains and losses on hedging activities within segment operating results. We exclude certain components of our U.S. pension plan cost from segment operating income because we centrally manage pension plan funding decisions and the determination of discount rate, expected rate of return on plan assets and other actuarial assumptions. Therefore, we allocate only the service cost component of our U.S. pension plan expense to segment operating income.

On March 1, 2011, the Starbucks Coffee Company ("Starbucks"), without our authorization and in what we contend is a violation and breach of our agreements with Starbucks, took control of the Starbucks packaged coffee business ("Starbucks CPG business") in grocery stores and other channels, after alleging Kraft had breached the CPG Agreements. The dispute is pending in Arbitration in Chicago, Illinois, where we are seeking appropriate remedies, including but not limited to payment of the Fair Market Value of the Agreement plus the premium the agreements specify and with Starbucks counterclaiming for unspecified damages. The results of the Starbucks CPG business were included primarily in our U.S. Beverage and Canada and N.A. Foodservice segments through March 1, 2011.

We incurred charges under the Integration Program of \$112 million for the three months and \$352 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011, and \$92 million for the three months and \$284 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2010. We recorded these charges within selling, general and administrative expenses and cost of sales primarily within our Kraft Foods Europe and Kraft Foods Developing Markets segments as well as general corporate expenses.

The increase in general corporate expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2011 was due primarily to the timing of certain selling, general and administrative expenses. The decrease in general corporate expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 was due primarily to Cadbury acquisition-related transaction fees in the prior year.

We reversed \$11 million of previously accrued costs savings initiative charges during the three months and \$34 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011. These reversals primarily relate to severance charges for previously announced and planned position eliminations that did not occur. They were recorded primarily within selling, general and administrative expenses and across all reportable business segments, except Kraft Foods Europe. We incurred charges associated with our cost savings initiatives of \$17 million for the three months and \$93 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2010.

U.S. Beverages

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,						
		2011		2010	\$c	hange	% change
		(in mi	llions)				
Net revenues	\$	681	\$	756	\$	(75)	(9.9%)
Segment operating income		101		131		(30)	(22.9%)
	<u> </u>	For the Nine I Septen	Months En	ded			
		2011 2010 (in millions)		\$ change		% change	
Net revenues	\$	2,281	\$	2,463	\$	(182)	(7.4%)
Segment operating income		400		481		(81)	(16.8%)

Three Months Ended September 30:

Net revenues decreased \$75 million (9.9%), due to the impact of the Starbucks CPG business cessation (17.1 pp), partially offset by higher net pricing (5.9 pp) and favorable volume/mix (1.3 pp). Higher net pricing was due primarily to input cost-driven pricing in coffee. Favorable volume/mix was driven primarily by the introduction of *MiO* liquid concentrate and higher shipments in ready-to-drink beverages, primarily *Capri Sun* and *Kool-Aid* pouches, *Tassimo* coffee and powdered beverages, which were partially offset by lower shipments in *Maxwell House* and *Gevalia* coffee.

Segment operating income decreased \$30 million (22.9%), due primarily to higher raw material costs and the impact of the Starbucks CPG business cessation, partially offset by higher net pricing, favorable volume/mix, lower advertising and consumer promotion costs and lower manufacturing costs.

Nine Months Ended September 30:

Net revenues decreased \$182 million (7.4%), due to the impact of the Starbucks CPG business cessation (11.7 pp) and unfavorable volume/mix (1.9 pp), partially offset by higher net pricing (6.2 pp). Unfavorable volume/mix was driven primarily by lower shipments in mainstream coffee, primarily *Maxwell House, Gevalia* coffee and *Country Time* and *Kool-Aid* powdered beverages. These factors were partially offset by the introduction of *MiO* liquid concentrate and higher shipments in ready-to-drink beverages, primarily *Capri Sun* and *Kool-Aid*, *Tassimo* coffee and *Tang* powdered beverages. Higher net pricing was due primarily to input cost-driven pricing in coffee.

Segment operating income decreased \$81 million (16.8%), due primarily to higher raw material costs and the impact of the Starbucks CPG business cessation, partially offset by higher net pricing, lower manufacturing costs, lower advertising and consumer support costs and favorable volume/mix.

U.S. Cheese

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,						
		2011		2010	\$ c	hange	% change
		(in mi	llions)				
Net revenues	\$	902	\$	863	\$	39	4.5%
Segment operating income		145		169		(24)	(14.2%)
		For the Nine N		ded			
		2011 2010 (in millions)		\$ change		% change	
Net revenues	\$	2,651	\$	2,505	\$	146	5.8%
Segment operating income		422		439		(17)	(3.9%)

Three Months Ended September 30:

Net revenues increased \$39 million (4.5%), due to higher net pricing (10.0 pp), partially offset by unfavorable volume/mix (5.1 pp) and the impact of divestitures (0.4 pp). Higher net pricing, across most major cheese categories, was due to input cost-driven pricing. Unfavorable volume/mix was driven primarily by lower shipments in sandwich, natural, recipe and cream cheese categories, partially offset by higher shipments in cultured and snacking cheese categories.

Segment operating income decreased \$24 million (14.2%), due primarily to higher raw material costs (primarily higher dairy costs), unfavorable volume/mix and higher advertising and consumer promotion costs, partially offset by higher net pricing and lower other selling, general and administrative expenses.

Nine Months Ended September 30:

Net revenues increased \$146 million (5.8%), due to higher net pricing (7.2 pp), partially offset by unfavorable volume/mix (0.9 pp) and the impact of divestitures (0.5 pp). Higher net pricing, across most major cheese categories, was due to input cost-driven pricing. Unfavorable volume/mix was driven primarily by lower shipments in sandwich, recipe and cream cheese categories, partially offset by higher shipments in natural cheese, cultured and grated cheese categories.

Segment operating income decreased \$17 million (3.9%), due primarily to higher raw material costs (primarily higher dairy costs), unfavorable volume/mix and higher advertising and consumer promotion costs, partially offset by higher net pricing, lower other selling, general and administrative expenses and lower manufacturing costs.

U.S. Convenient Meals

For the Three Months Ended September 30,						
	2011	:	2010	\$ cl	nange	% change
	(in mi	llions)				·
\$	863	\$	806	\$	57	7.1%
	105		82		23	28.0%
			led			
2011 2010 (in millions)		010	\$ change		% change	
\$	2,536 309	\$	2,415 267	\$	121 42	5.0% 15.7%
	\$	Septem 2011 (in mil \$ 863 105	September 30, 2011 (in millions) \$ 863	September 30, 2010 (in millions) 863	September 30, 2011 2010 (in millions) \$ ch \$ 863 \$ 806 105 82 For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2011 2010 (in millions) \$ ch \$ 2,536 \$ 2,415 \$ ch	September 30, \$ change \$ change (in millions) \$ 863 \$ 806 \$ 57 105 82 23 For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2011 2010 \$ change (in millions) \$ 2,536 \$ 2,415 \$ 121

Three Months Ended September 30:

Net revenues increased \$57 million (7.1%), due to higher net pricing (5.7 pp) and favorable volume/mix (1.4 pp). Higher net pricing was due to input cost-driven pricing primarily related to bacon, hot dogs, cold cuts and *Lunchables* combination meals. Favorable volume/mix was driven primarily by higher shipments in cold cuts, *Lunchables* combination meals and hot dogs, partially offset by lower shipments in bacon.

Segment operating income increased \$23 million (28.0%), due primarily to higher net pricing, lower other selling, general and administrative expenses, lower advertising and consumer promotion costs and favorable volume/mix, partially offset by higher raw material costs.

Nine Months Ended September 30:

Net revenues increased \$121 million (5.0%), due to higher net pricing (5.4 pp), partially offset by unfavorable volume/mix (0.4 pp). Higher net pricing was due to input cost-driven pricing primarily related to bacon, cold cuts, hot dogs and *Lunchables* combination meals. Unfavorable volume/mix was driven primarily by lower shipments in bacon and hot dogs, partially offset by higher shipments in cold cuts and *Lunchables* combination meals.

Segment operating income increased \$42 million (15.7%), due primarily to higher net pricing, lower other selling, general and administrative expenses, lower advertising and consumer promotion costs and lower manufacturing costs, partially offset by higher raw material costs.

U.S. Grocery

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,						
		2011		2010	\$ cl	nange	% change
		(in mi	llions)				
Net revenues	\$	836	\$	779	\$	57	7.3%
Segment operating income		292		244		48	19.7%
		For the Nine N		ded			
		2011 2010 (in millions)			\$ change		% change
Net revenues	\$	2,603	\$	2,518	\$	85	3.4%
Segment operating income		963		887		76	8.6%

Three Months Ended September 30:

Net revenues increased \$57 million (7.3%), due to higher net pricing (7.0 pp) and favorable volume/mix (0.3 pp). Higher net pricing was reflected across all major categories. Favorable volume/mix was driven by the introduction of *Planters* peanut butter; and higher shipments in *Kraft* macaroni and cheese dinners and pourable dressings. These factors were partially offset by lower shipments in ready-to-eat desserts, dry packaged desserts and spoonable dressings.

Segment operating income increased \$48 million (19.7%), due primarily to higher net pricing, lower advertising and consumer promotion costs, lower other selling, general and administrative expenses and lower manufacturing costs, partially offset by higher raw material costs and unfavorable volume/mix.

Nine Months Ended September 30:

Net revenues increased \$85 million (3.4%), due to higher net pricing (5.6 pp), partially offset by unfavorable volume/mix (2.2 pp). Higher net pricing was reflected across most grocery categories including spoonable dressings, *Kraft* macaroni and cheese dinners, dry packaged desserts and ready-to-eat desserts. Unfavorable volume/mix was driven by lower shipments, primarily spoonable dressings, ready-to-eat desserts, dessert toppings and dry packaged desserts, partially offset by the introduction of *Planters* peanut butter and higher shipments in *Kraft* macaroni and cheese dinners.

Segment operating income increased \$76 million (8.6%), due primarily to higher net pricing, lower manufacturing costs, lower advertising and consumer promotion costs and lower other selling, general and administrative expenses, partially offset by unfavorable volume/mix and higher raw material costs.

U.S. Snacks

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,						
		2011		2010	\$ c	hange	% change
		(in mi	llions)				
Net revenues	\$	1,579	\$	1,505	\$	74	4.9%
Segment operating income		221		216		5	2.3%
		For the Nine M Septem		nded			
		2011		2010	\$ ch	nange	% change
		(in mil	lions)				
Net revenues	\$	4,581	\$	4,413	\$	168	3.8%
Segment operating income		606		663		(57)	(8.6%)

Three Months Ended September 30:

Net revenues increased \$74 million (4.9%), due to higher net pricing (6.0 pp), partially offset by unfavorable volume/mix (1.1 pp). Biscuits net revenues increased, due to higher net pricing and favorable volume/mix. Biscuits favorable volume/mix was due primarily to higher shipments in cookies (primarily *Oreo* and *Newtons*), partially offset by lower shipments in crackers (primarily *Ritz* and *Premium* crackers). Snack nuts net revenues increased, due to higher net pricing, partially offset by unfavorable volume/mix. Confectionery net revenues decreased, due to unfavorable volume/mix, partially offset by higher net pricing.

Segment operating income increased \$5 million (2.3%), due to higher net pricing and lower advertising and consumer promotion costs, partially offset by higher raw material costs, unfavorable volume/mix and higher Integration Program costs.

Nine Months Ended September 30:

Net revenues increased \$168 million (3.8%), due to higher net pricing (3.1 pp) and our Cadbury acquisition (1.7 pp), partially offset by unfavorable volume/mix (1.0 pp). Biscuits net revenues increased, due to higher net pricing and favorable volume/mix. Biscuits favorable volume/mix was due primarily to higher shipments in cookies (primarily *Chips Ahoy!*, *Oreo* and *Newtons*), partially offset by lower shipments in crackers (primarily *Premium* and *Ritz*). Snack nuts net revenues increased, due to higher net pricing, partially offset by unfavorable volume/mix. Confectionery net revenues increased, due to our Cadbury acquisition (incremental January 2011 operating results) and higher net pricing, partially offset by unfavorable volume/mix.

Segment operating income decreased \$57 million (8.6%), due to higher raw material costs, higher manufacturing costs, unfavorable volume/mix and higher Integration Program costs, partially offset by higher net pricing, lower other selling, general and administrative expenses, our Cadbury acquisition due to the incremental January 2011 operating results and lower acquisition-related costs.

Canada & N.A. Foodservice

	 For the Three Septer	Months E nber 30,	inded			
	 2011		2010	\$ c	hange	% change
	(in m	illions)				
Net revenues	\$ 1,272	\$	1,164	\$	108	9.3%
Segment operating income	171		160		11	6.9%
	 For the Nine N		nded			
	 2011		2010	\$ c	hange	% change
	(in mi	llions)				
Net revenues	\$ 3,735	\$	3,408	\$	327	9.6%
Segment operating income	510		435		75	17.2%

Three Months Ended September 30:

Net revenues increased \$108 million (9.3%), due primarily to higher net pricing (6.6 pp) and favorable foreign currency (4.3 pp), partially offset by unfavorable volume/mix (1.1 pp) and the impact of divestitures (including for reporting purposes the Starbucks CPG business) (0.5 pp). In Canada, net revenues increased, driven primarily by favorable foreign currency and higher net pricing, partially offset by unfavorable volume/mix. Unfavorable volume mix was driven primarily by lower shipments in Beverages retail business, partially offset by gains in most other retail businesses, primarily Grocery and Cheese. In N.A. Foodservice, net revenues increased, driven primarily by higher net pricing, favorable foreign currency and favorable volume/mix.

Segment operating income increased \$11 million (6.9%), due primarily to higher net pricing, lower manufacturing costs and favorable foreign currency, partially offset by higher raw material costs, higher other selling, general and administrative expenses and unfavorable volume/mix.

Nine Months Ended September 30:

Net revenues increased \$327 million (9.6%), due primarily to higher net pricing (5.6 pp), favorable foreign currency (4.2 pp) and our Cadbury acquisition (1.2 pp), partially offset by unfavorable volume/mix (1.0 pp) and the impact of divestitures (including for reporting purposes the Starbucks CPG business) (0.4 pp). In Canada, net revenues increased, driven primarily by favorable foreign currency, higher net pricing and our Cadbury acquisition, partially offset by unfavorable volume/mix, reflecting volume declines across most retail businesses, except Cheese and Snacks. In N.A. Foodservice, net revenues increased, driven primarily by higher net pricing, favorable volume/mix, favorable foreign currency and our Cadbury acquisition.

Segment operating income increased \$75 million (17.2%), due primarily to higher net pricing, favorable foreign currency, lower manufacturing costs and our Cadbury acquisition due to the incremental January 2011 operating results, partially offset by higher raw material costs, unfavorable volume/mix and higher other selling, general and administrative expenses.

Kraft Foods Europe

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,						
		2011		2010	\$ change		% change
		(in mi	llions)				
Net revenues	\$	3,099	\$	2,670	\$	429	16.1%
Segment operating income		334		332		2	0.6%
		For the Nine I	Months E	nded			
		2011		2010	\$ (change	% change
		(in mi	llions)				
Net revenues	\$	9,640	\$	8,172	\$	1,468	18.0%
Segment operating income		1,057		956		101	10.6%

Three Months Ended September 30:

Net revenues increased \$429 million (16.1%), due to favorable foreign currency (10.9 pp), higher net pricing (4.0 pp) and favorable volume/mix (1.2 pp). Favorable foreign currency primarily reflected the strength of the euro, British pound, Swiss franc and Swedish krona against the U.S. dollar. Higher net pricing was due primarily to input cost-driven pricing in coffee and cheese. Favorable volume/mix was due primarily to higher shipments in biscuits, chocolate and cheese, partially offset by lower shipments in coffee, gum and candy.

Segment operating income increased \$2 million (0.6%), due primarily to higher net pricing, favorable volume/mix, favorable foreign currency, lower other selling, general and administrative expenses and lower manufacturing costs, mostly offset by higher raw material costs, higher Integration Program costs and higher advertising and consumer promotion costs.

Nine Months Ended September 30:

Net revenues increased \$1,468 million (18.0%), due to favorable foreign currency (8.1 pp), higher net pricing (4.0 pp), our Cadbury acquisition (2.5 pp), the impact of accounting calendar changes (2.1 pp) and favorable volume/mix (1.3 pp). Favorable foreign currency primarily reflected the strength of the euro, British pound, Swiss franc and Swedish krona against the U.S. dollar. Higher net pricing was reflected across most major categories. The change in the consolidation date for certain operations increased net revenues. Favorable volume/mix was due primarily to higher shipments in chocolate, cheese and biscuits.

Segment operating income increased \$101 million (10.6%), due primarily to higher net pricing, lower manufacturing costs, lower other selling, general and administrative expenses, favorable foreign currency, favorable volume/mix, the impact of accounting calendar changes, our Cadbury acquisition due to the incremental January 2011 operating results and lower acquisition-related costs. These favorable factors were partially offset by higher raw material costs and higher Integration Program costs.

Kraft Foods Developing Markets

	<u>-</u>	For the Three Septen 2011 (in mi	2010	\$0	change	% change
Net revenues Segment operating income	\$	3,994 582	\$ 3,320 370	\$	674 212	20.3% 57.3%
	=	For the Nine I Septem 2011 (in mi	 2010	\$0	change_	% change
Net revenues Segment operating income	\$	11,650 1,505	\$ 9,540 1,158	\$	2,110 347	22.1% 30.0%

Three Months Ended September 30:

Net revenues increased \$674 million (20.3%), due to higher net pricing (9.9 pp), favorable foreign currency (5.9 pp) and favorable volume/mix (5.4 pp), partially offset by the impact of the 2010 divestiture of certain Cadbury confectionery operations in Poland and Romania (0.9 pp). In CEEMA, net revenues increased, driven by higher net pricing across the region, favorable volume/mix and favorable foreign currency, partially offset by the impact of divestitures. In Latin America, net revenues increased, driven by higher net pricing across the region, favorable foreign currency and favorable volume/mix. In Asia Pacific, net revenues increased, due primarily to favorable foreign currency, favorable volume/mix and higher net pricing across the region.

Segment operating income increased \$212 million (57.3%), due primarily to higher net pricing, favorable volume/mix, favorable foreign currency, lower Integration Program costs, lower manufacturing costs and lower advertising and consumer promotion costs, partially offset by higher raw material costs and higher other selling, general and administrative expenses.

Nine Months Ended September 30:

Net revenues increased \$2,110 million (22.1%), due to higher net pricing (7.0 pp), favorable volume/mix (5.9 pp), favorable foreign currency (5.8 pp), our Cadbury acquisition (4.1 pp), and the impact of accounting calendar changes (0.7 pp), partially offset by the impact of the 2010 divestiture of certain Cadbury confectionery operations in Poland and Romania (1.4 pp). In CEEMA, net revenues increased, driven by higher net pricing across the region, favorable foreign currency, favorable volume/mix, our Cadbury acquisition and the impact of accounting calendar changes, partially offset by the impact of divestitures. In Latin America, net revenues increased, driven by higher net pricing across the region, favorable volume/mix across most of the region, favorable foreign currency, our Cadbury acquisition and the impact of accounting calendar changes. In Asia Pacific, net revenues increased, due primarily to favorable volume/mix, favorable foreign currency, our Cadbury acquisition and higher net pricing across most of the region.

Segment operating income increased \$347 million (30.0%), due primarily to higher net pricing, favorable volume/mix, favorable foreign currency, our Cadbury acquisition due to the incremental January 2011 operating results, lower acquisition-related costs and the impact of accounting calendar changes, partially offset by higher raw material costs, higher manufacturing costs, higher advertising and consumer promotion costs, higher other selling, general and administrative expenses (net of a gain on the sale of land) and higher Integration Program costs.

Venezuela – We account for our Venezuelan subsidiaries under highly inflationary accounting rules, which principally means all transactions are recorded in U.S. dollars. Venezuela has two exchange rates: the official rate and the government-regulated Transaction System for Foreign Currency Denominated Securities ("SITME") rate. We used both the official rate and the SITME rate to translate our Venezuelan operations into U.S. dollars, based on the nature of the operations of each individual subsidiary.

We recorded \$11 million of favorable foreign currency impacts relating to highly inflationary accounting in Venezuela during the first nine months of 2011 and approximately \$85 million of unfavorable foreign currency impacts during the first nine months of 2010. The 2010 loss included a one-time impact to translate cash of \$34 million that we previously carried at the secondary market exchange rate. Upon the change to highly inflationary accounting in January 2010, we were required to translate those U.S. dollars on hand using the official rate.

We do not expect our 2011 full year operating results to be significantly impacted by the devaluation of the Venezuelan bolivar.

Commodity Trends

We purchase large quantities of commodities, including dairy, coffee, cocoa, wheat, corn products, soybean and vegetable oils, nuts, meat products, and sugar and other sweeteners. In addition, we use significant quantities of plastic, glass and cardboard to package our products, and natural gas for our factories and warehouses. We continuously monitor worldwide supply and cost trends of these commodities so we can act quickly to procure ingredients and packaging materials needed for production.

During the first nine months of 2011, our aggregate commodity costs increased primarily as a result of coffee, dairy, grains and oils, packaging material costs and meat. In the first nine months of 2011, our commodity costs were approximately \$1.7 billion higher than in the first nine months of 2010. We expect the price volatility and higher cost environment to continue over the remainder of the year.

Liquidity

We believe that our cash from operations, our existing \$4.5 billion revolving credit facility (which supports our commercial paper program) and our authorized long-term financing will provide sufficient liquidity to meet our working capital needs, planned capital expenditures, future contractual obligations and payment of our anticipated quarterly dividends. We continue to use our commercial paper program and primarily uncommitted international credit lines for daily funding requirements. We also use short-term intercompany loans from foreign subsidiaries to improve financial flexibility. Overall, we do not expect any negative effects to our funding sources that would have a material effect on our liquidity.

Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:

During the first nine months of 2011, net cash provided by operating activities was \$1.7 billion, compared with \$1.2 billion provided in the first nine months of 2010. The increase in operating cash flows primarily relates to the prior-year payment of taxes in connection with the 2010 Frozen Pizza divestiture and increased earnings from continuing operations, partially offset by increased contributions to our pension plans and the timing of receivables and increased inventory levels.

Net Cash Used in Investing Activities:

During the first nine months of 2011, net cash used in investing activities was \$1.2 billion, compared with \$6.8 billion used in the first nine months of 2010. The decrease in cash used in investing activities primarily relates to \$9.8 billion in cash payments in the prior year related to the 2010 Cadbury acquisition partially offset by \$3.7 billion in proceeds from the sale of the Frozen Pizza business and \$0.3 billion in proceeds from the divestitures in Poland and Romania.

Capital expenditures, which were funded by operating activities, were \$1.3 billion in the first nine months of 2011, compared with \$1.0 billion in the first nine months of 2010. We expect full-year capital expenditures to be approximately \$1.9 billion, including capital expenditures required for systems investments and the Integration Program. We expect to fund these expenditures from operations.

Net Cash (Used in) / Provided by Financing Activities:

During the first nine months of 2011, net cash used in financing activities was \$843 million, compared with \$5.9 billion provided in the first nine months of 2010. The net cash used in financing activities in the first nine months of 2011 primarily relates to \$1.5 billion in dividends paid, partially offset by \$522 million in proceeds from primarily stock option exercises. The net cash provided by financing activities in the first nine months of 2010 primarily related to proceeds from our long-term debt issuance of \$9.4 billion, partially offset by \$1.3 billion in net repayments of short-term borrowings, \$1.7 billion in dividends paid and \$512 million in long-term debt repayments.

Borrowing Arrangements:

On April 1, 2011, we entered into an agreement for a \$4.5 billion four-year senior unsecured revolving credit facility. The agreement replaced our former revolving credit agreement, which was terminated upon the signing of the new agreement. We intend to use the revolving credit facility for general corporate purposes, including for working capital purposes, and to support our commercial paper issuances. No amounts have been drawn on the facility.

The revolving credit facility agreement includes a covenant that we maintain a minimum total shareholders' equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive earnings / (losses) and non-controlling interest, of at least \$28.6 billion. At September 30, 2011, our total shareholders' equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive losses and non-controlling interest, was \$41.5 billion. We expect to continue to meet this covenant. The revolving credit facility agreement also contains customary representations, covenants and events of default. However, there are no other financial covenants, credit rating triggers or provisions that could require us to post collateral as security.

In addition to the above, some of our international subsidiaries maintain primarily uncommitted credit lines to meet short-term working capital needs. Collectively, these credit lines amounted to \$2.3 billion at September 30, 2011. In the aggregate, borrowings on these lines were \$232 million at September 30, 2011 and \$267 million at December 31, 2010.

Deht:

Our total debt was \$28.9 billion at September 30, 2011 and \$28.7 billion at December 31, 2010. Our debt-to-capitalization ratio was 0.44 at September 30, 2011 and 0.44 at December 31, 2010. At September 30, 2011, the weighted-average term of our outstanding long-term debt was 9.1 years.

We expect to continue to comply with our long-term debt covenants. Refer to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010 for further details of these debt covenants.

In the next twelve months, \$4.8 billion of long-term debt becomes due as follows: \$1.1 billion in November 2011, €2.0 billion (approximately \$2.7 billion) in March 2012, \$900 million in June 2012 and C\$150 million (approximately \$146 million) due in August 2012. We expect to fund these repayments with cash from operations, the issuance of commercial paper and the issuance of additional debt.

From time to time we refinance long-term and short-term debt. The nature and amount of our long-term and short-term debt and the proportionate amount of each varies as a result of future business requirements, market conditions and other factors. As of September 30, 2011, we had \$12 billion remaining in long-term financing authority from our Board of Directors.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements and Aggregate Contractual Obligations

There were no material changes to our off-balance sheet arrangements and aggregate contractual obligations disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010. We also do not expect a material change in the effect these arrangements and obligations will have on our liquidity. See Note 12, *Commitments and Contingencies*, for a discussion of guarantees.

Equity and Dividends

Stock Plans:

In January 2011, we granted 1.5 million shares of stock in connection with our long-term incentive plan, and the market value per share was \$31.62 on the date of grant. In February 2011, as part of our annual equity program, we issued 2.6 million shares of restricted and deferred stock to eligible employees, and the market value per restricted or deferred share was \$31.83 on the date of grant. In aggregate, we issued 4.7 million restricted and deferred shares during the first nine months of 2011, including those issued as part of our long-term incentive plan, with a weighted-average market value per share of \$31.83.

In February 2011, as part of our annual equity program, we also granted 15.8 million stock options to eligible employees at an exercise price of \$31.83. In aggregate, we granted 16.3 million stock options in the first nine months of 2011 with a weighted-average market value per share of \$31.80.

Dividends:

We paid dividends of \$1,535 million in the first nine months of 2011 and \$1,664 million in the first nine months of 2010. The 7.8% decrease is due to a dividend payment of \$224 million in the prior year related to the Cadbury acquisition. The present annualized dividend rate is \$1.16 per share. The declaration of dividends is subject to the discretion of our Board of Directors and depends on various factors, including our net earnings, financial condition, cash requirements, future prospects and other factors that our Board of Directors deems relevant to its analysis and decision making.

Outlook

We increased our expectations for organic net revenue growth from at least 5 percent to at least 6 percent reflecting strong results in the third quarter. We increased our Operating EPS guidance from at least \$2.25 to at least \$2.27 as we expect strong operating momentum to continue and a neutral impact from currency in the fourth quarter as recent volatility has made such forecasts difficult.

Please see the Non-GAAP Financial Measures section below.

Significant Accounting Estimates

We prepare our condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP. The preparation of these financial statements requires the use of estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the periods presented. Actual results could differ from those estimates and assumptions. Our significant accounting policies are described in Note 1 to our consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010. Our significant accounting estimates are described in our Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010. There were no changes in our accounting policies in the current period that had a material impact on our financial statements.

New Accounting Guidance

See Note 1, Basis of Presentation, for a discussion of new accounting guidance.

Contingencies

See Note 12, Commitments and Contingencies, and Part II, Item 1. Legal Proceedings for a discussion of contingencies.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Management uses certain non-GAAP financial measures to budget, make operating and strategic decisions and evaluate our performance. We have disclosed the following measures so that you have the same financial data that management uses with the intention of assisting you in making comparisons to our historical operating results and analyzing our underlying performance.

Our management believes that the presentation of these non-U.S. GAAP financial measures, when considered together with our U.S. GAAP financial measures and the reconciliations to the corresponding U.S. GAAP financial measures, provides you with a more complete understanding of the factors and trends affecting Kraft Foods than could be obtained absent these disclosures. Because non-GAAP financial measures may vary among other companies, the non-GAAP financial measures presented in the Consolidated Results of Operations section may not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies. Our use of non-GAAP financial measures is not meant to be considered in isolation or as a substitute for any U.S. GAAP financial measure. You should carefully evaluate the following tables reconciling U.S. GAAP reported figures to non-GAAP financial measures.

We use the non-U.S. GAAP financial measure "organic net revenues" and corresponding growth ratios. The difference between "organic net revenues" and "net revenues," which is the most comparable U.S. GAAP financial measure, is that organic net revenues excludes the impact of acquisitions, divestitures (including for reporting purposes the Starbucks CPG business), currency and accounting calendar changes. Our management believes that organic net revenues better reflects the underlying growth from the ongoing activities of our business and provides improved comparability of results because they exclude the impact of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates, which are not under our control, and also exclude the one-time impacts of acquisitions, divestitures and accounting calendar changes from net revenues. The limitation of this measure is that it excludes items that have an impact on net revenues. The best way that this limitation can be addressed is by using organic net revenues in combination with our U.S. GAAP reported net revenues.

		Months Ended nber 30,		
	2011	2010	\$ Change	<u>% Change</u>
	(in mi		·	
Organic net revenues	\$ 12,691	\$ 11,708	\$ 983	8.4%
Impact of divestitures (1)	_	155	(155)	(1.5)pp
Impact of foreign currency	535		535	<u>4.6</u> pp
Net revenues	<u>\$ 13,226</u>	\$ 11,863	\$ 1,363	11.5%

Impact of divestitures (including for reporting purposes the Starbucks CPG business).

		2011		2010	\$	Change	% Change	
		(in millions)						
Organic net revenues	\$	37,230	\$	34,878	\$	2,352	6.7%	
Impact of divestitures (1)		91		493		(402)	(1.3)pp	
Impact of acquisitions (2)		697		_		697	2.0pp	
Impact of accounting								
calendar changes		316		63		253	0.8pp	
Impact of foreign currency		1,343				1,343	3.8pp	
Net revenues	\$	39,677	\$	35,434	\$	4,243	12.0%	

We use the non-U.S. GAAP financial measure "underlying operating income" and corresponding growth ratios. The difference between "underlying operating income" and "operating income." which is the most comparable U.S. GAAP financial measure, is that underlying operating income excludes costs related to: the Integration Program and acquisition-related costs, including transaction advisory fees, U.K. stamp taxes and the impact of the Cadbury inventory revaluation. Our management believes that underlying operating income provides improved comparability of results because it excludes certain impacts related to the Cadbury acquisition from operating income.

Impact of divestitures (including for reporting purposes the Starbucks CPG business). Impact of acquisition reflects the incremental January 2011 operating results from our Cadbury acquisition.

	For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2011 2010			\$ C	:hange	% Change	
		(in mi	llions)			<u> </u>	
Underlying operating income Integration Program costs Cadbury acquisition-related costs	\$	1,810 (112) –	\$	1,613 (92) (2)	\$	197 (20) 2	12.2% (0.6)pp 0.2pp
Operating income	\$	1,698	\$	1,519	\$	179	11.8%
	For the Nine Months Ended September 30,						
	2011 2010 (in millions)			\$ Change		% Change	
Underlying operating income Integration Program costs Cadbury acquisition-related costs	\$	5,502 (352)	\$	4,982 (284) (272)	\$	520 (68) 272	10.4% (0.4)pp 6.4pp
Operating income	\$	5,150	\$	4,426	\$	724	16.4%

We use the non-U.S. GAAP financial measure "Operating EPS" and corresponding growth ratios. The difference between "Operating EPS" and "diluted EPS attributable to Kraft Foods from continuing operations," which is the most comparable U.S. GAAP financial measure, is that Operating EPS excludes costs related to: the Integration Program; acquisition-related costs, including transaction advisory fees, U.K. stamp taxes and the impact of the Cadbury inventory revaluation; acquisition-related financing fees, including hedging and foreign currency impacts associated with the Cadbury acquisition and other fees associated with the Cadbury Bridge Facility; and the impact of a deferred tax charge resulting from the recently enacted U.S. health care legislation. Our management believes Operating EPS provides improved comparability of results because it excludes certain impacts related to the Cadbury acquisition and other one-time impacts from earnings per share. The limitation of this measure is that it excludes items that have an impact on diluted EPS attributable to Kraft Foods from continuing operations. The best way that this limitation can be addressed is by using Operating EPS in combination with our U.S. GAAP reported diluted EPS attributable to Kraft Foods from continuing operations.

		For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2011						
				Reported SAAP)	Pi	egration rogram osts (1)		ting EPS -GAAP)
Diluted earnings per share attributable to Kraft Foods:								
Continuing operations			\$	0.52	\$	0.06	\$	0.58
Discontinued operations Net earnings attributable to Kraft Foods			\$	0.52				
			For the Th	ree Months E	nded Sep	tember 30, 201	10	
		eported (AAP)	Inte Pr	egration ogram osts (1)	Acc	quisition- telated osts ⁽²⁾	Opera	nting EPS n-GAAP)
Diluted earnings per share attributable to Kraft Foods:								
Continuing operations Discontinued operations Net earnings attributable to Kraft Foods	\$ <u>\$</u>	0.43 - 0.43	\$	0.05	\$	(0.01)	\$	0.47

		For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2011								
	As Reported (GAAP)		Integration Program Costs (1)			ating EPS n-GAAP)				
Diluted earnings per share attributable to Kraft Foods: Continuing operations Discontinued operations Net earnings attributable to Kraft Foods	\$ <u>\$</u>	1.52 1.52	\$	0.20	\$	1.72				

				For the N	ine Months	Ended Septem	ber 30, 20)10	
		Reported SAAP)	Pr	gration ogram osts (1)	R Cost	uisition- elated s (2) and ing Fees (3)	Leg Im	Healthcare gislation pact on rred Taxes	ating EPS n-GAAP)
Diluted earnings per share attributable to Kraft Foods: Continuing operations Discontinued operations	\$	1.13 0.96	\$	0.13	\$	0.22	\$	0.08	\$ 1.56
Net earnings attributable to Kraft Foods	<u>\$</u>	2.09							

⁽¹⁾ Integration Program costs are defined as the costs associated with combining the Kraft Foods and Cadbury businesses, and are separate from those costs associated with the acquisition.

(2) Acquisition-related costs include transaction advisory fees, U.K. stamp taxes and the impact of the Cadbury inventory revaluation.

Forward-Looking Statements

This report contains a number of forward-looking statements. Words such as "expects," "goals," "plans," "believes," "continues," "may," "will," and variations of those words and similar expressions are intended to identify our forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements contained in this report include our beliefs and expectations regarding the impact of new accounting standards; our proposed spin-off transaction; our amortizable intangible assets; expected pension contributions; our integration program; unrealized losses; results of Legal Matters; price volatility and cost environment; our liquidity; our funding sources; capital expenditures and funding; our financial covenants; repayment of debts; off-balance sheet arrangements and contractual obligations; our Outlook; and our accounting policies. These forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond our control, and important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in our forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, our ability to create two independent companies, continued volatility and increase in commodity costs, pricing actions, increased competition, the continuing weak economic environment, our indebtedness and our ability to pay our indebtedness, risks from operating globally and tax law changes. For additional information on these and other factors that could affect our forward-looking statements, see our risk factors, as they may be amended from time to time, set forth in our filings with the SEC, including our most recently filed Annual Report on Form 10-K and subsequent reports on Forms 10-Q and 8-K. We disclaim and do not undertake any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement in this report, except as required by applicable law or regulation.

⁽³⁾ Acquisition-related financing fees include hedging, foreign currency impacts associated with the Cadbury acquisition and other fees associated with the Cadbury Bridge Facility.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk.

As a global operation, we use certain financial instruments to manage our foreign currency exchange rate, commodity price and interest rate risks. We monitor and manage these exposures as part of our overall risk management program. Our risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to reduce the potentially adverse effects that the volatility of these markets may have on our operating results. We maintain foreign currency, commodity price and interest rate risk management policies that principally use derivative instruments to reduce significant, unanticipated earnings fluctuations that may arise from volatility in foreign currency exchange rates, commodity prices and interest rates. We also sell commodity futures to unprice future purchase commitments, and we occasionally use related futures to cross-hedge a commodity exposure. We are not a party to leveraged derivatives and, by policy, do not use financial instruments for speculative purposes. Refer to Note 11, *Financial Instruments*, for further information on the types of derivative instruments we used to hedge our exposures. There were no significant changes in the types of derivative instruments we use to hedge those exposures since December 31, 2010.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Management, together with our CEO and CFO, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Securities Exchange Act of 1934 Rule 13a-15(e)) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based upon that evaluation, the CEO and CFO concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

b) Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management, together with our CEO and CFO, evaluated the changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended September 30, 2011. We determined that there were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended September 30, 2011 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

We routinely are involved in legal proceedings, claims and governmental inspections or investigations ("Legal Matters") arising in the ordinary course of our business.

Other information regarding Legal Matters is available in the Legal Proceedings discussions in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010, and is incorporated by reference into this report.

While we cannot predict with certainty the results of these or any other Legal Matters in which we are currently involved, we do not expect that the ultimate costs to resolve any of these matters will have a material effect on our financial results.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

Our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010 contains a detailed discussion of risk factors that could materially adversely affect our business, our operating results, or our financial condition. The risk factor described below is in addition to those risk factors.

The proposed spin-off may not be completed on the terms or timeline currently contemplated, if at all, and may not achieve the intended results.

Unanticipated developments could delay, prevent or otherwise adversely affect the proposed spin-off of the North American Grocery Business, including possible problems or delays in obtaining various regulatory and tax approvals or clearances and disruptions in general market conditions, among other things. In addition, consummation of the proposed spin-off will require final approval from our Board of Directors. Therefore, we cannot assure that we will be able to complete the spin-off on the terms or on the timeline that we announced, if at all.

We will incur significant expenses in connection with the spin-off. In addition, completion of the proposed spin-off will require significant amounts of management's time and effort which may divert management's attention from other aspects of our business operations.

Further, if the spin-off is completed, it may not achieve the intended results. Any such difficulties could adversely affect our business, results of operations or financial condition.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

The following activity represents shares tendered to us by employees who used shares to exercise options, and who used shares to pay the related taxes for grants of restricted and deferred stock that vested. Accordingly, these are non-cash transactions.

	of Shares	per Share	
July 1 – 31, 2011	97,043	\$ 35.24	
August 1 – 31, 2011	5,466	34.51	
September 1 – 30, 2011	971	34.06	
For the Quarter Ended September 30, 2011	103,480	35.19	

Item 6. Exhibits.

Exhibit Number	Description
10.1	Offer of Employment Letter, between the Registrant and Daniel P. Myers, effective as of September 1, 2011.
11	Computation of Per Share Earnings. *
12	Statement regarding computation of ratios of earnings to fixed charges.
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
32.1	Certifications of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.1	The following materials from Kraft Foods' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2011 are formatted in XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Language): (i) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings, (ii) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Equity, (iii) the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, (iv) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, (v) Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, tagged as blocks of text, and (vi) document and entity information.

* Data required by Item 601(b)(11) of Regulation S-K is provided in Note 14 to the condensed consolidated financial statements in this Report.

Signature

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

KRAFT FOODS INC.

/S/ DAVID A. BREARTON

David A. Brearton
Executive Vice President and
Chief Financial Officer

November 4, 2011



Karen J May Executive Vice President Human Resources Three Lakes Drive Northfield, IL 60093

XXX-XXX-XXXX - phone XXX-XXX-XXXX - fax XXXXX.XXX@kraftfoods.com

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL

June 20, 2011

Mr. Daniel Myers

Dear Daniel,

I am very pleased to provide you with this letter confirming the verbal offer that has been extended to you for the position of Executive Vice President Supply Chain located in Northfield, Illinois, USA. If you accept our offer, it is our interest that you join Kraft as soon as possible which we understand will be in early September. This letter sets forth all of the terms and conditions of the offer.

Listed below are details of your compensation and benefits that will apply to this offer.

Annualized Compensation (Range of Opportunity)

	 Target - Maximum		
Annual Base Salary	\$ 575,000		
Annual Incentive Plan (Target* - 60%)	\$ 345,000 - \$862,500		
Long-Term Incentives**	\$ 838,750 - \$1,502,500		
- Performance Shares (Target* - 85%)	\$ 488,750 - \$977,500		
- Restricted Stock/Stock Options Award Range	\$ 350,000 - \$525,000		
Total Annual Compensation	\$ 1,758,750 - \$2,940,000		

- * Target as a percent of base salary.
- ** The value of the long-term incentive awards reflects the "economic value" of equity awards. For performance and restricted shares, the value reflects grant value. For stock option value, the value approximates the Company's Black-Scholes value.

June 20, 2011 Page 2 of 6

Annual Incentive Plan

You will be eligible to participate in the Kraft Management Incentive Plan (MIP), which is the Company's annual incentive program. Your target award opportunity under the MIP is equal to 60% of your base salary. The actual amount you will receive may be lower or higher depending on your individual performance and the performance of Kraft Foods Inc. Your 2011 award will be payable in March 2012. Your MIP eligibility will begin on your date of employment.

Long-Term Incentives

Performance Shares

Your eligibility for the Kraft performance share program (referred to as Kraft Foods' Long-Term Incentive Plan or LTIP) will commence with the 2012 – 2014 performance cycle. Your target opportunity under the LTIP is equal to 85% of your base salary at the beginning of the performance cycle. The actual award you will receive may be lower or higher depending upon the performance of Kraft Foods Inc. during the performance cycle. The number of performance shares under the 2012 – 2014 performance cycle is equal to your target value divided by the fair market value of Kraft stock on the first business day of the performance cycle.

The 2012-2014 performance shares will vest in early 2015. It is anticipated that a new three year performance cycle will begin each year in January. Beginning in 2015, if you remain employed and performance is above threshold, performance shares will vest each year at the conclusion of each performance cycle.

In the event that you voluntarily leave the organization after your five year anniversary, any performance share grants that are in the final year of the performance cycle will vest on a prorated basis, based on your date of separation. The actual award will be paid at the same time as other executives and the actual award amount will be dependent on the actual performance achieved during the respective performance cycle. All other outstanding awards will be forfeit upon your separation. In the event that you voluntarily leave the organization prior to your five year anniversary, you may receive prorated amounts as described earlier in this paragraph at the sole discretion of the Human Resources and Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors.

Restricted Stock/Stock Option Program

You will also be eligible to participate in the Company's restricted stock and stock option award program. Stock awards are typically made on an annual basis, with the next award anticipated to be granted in the first quarter of 2012. Awards are delivered as follows: 50% of equity value is delivered in restricted stock and 50% in stock options. Actual award size is based on individual potential and performance. You will receive dividends on the restricted shares during the vesting period consistent in amount and timing with that of Common Stock shareholders.

June 20, 2011 Page 3 of 6

The number of stock options granted is typically communicated as a ratio relative to the number of restricted shares granted based on the "economic value" of the stock options. In 2011, Kraft Foods granted 6 stock options for every restricted sharer awarded. This ratio may change from year to year.

In the event that you voluntarily leave the organization after your five year anniversary, any restricted grant that will vest in the subsequent year will partially vest on a two-thirds basis at the time of your separation. In addition, all stock options granted in years prior to the year of separation will continue to vest on their regularly scheduled vesting dates and will have their full original term in which you may exercise. All other outstanding awards will be forfeit upon your separation. In the event that you voluntarily leave the organization prior to your five year anniversary, you may receive prorated awards as described earlier in this paragraph at the sole discretion of the Human Resources and Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors.

Restricted Stock Sign-On

As part of your employment offer, to offset loss of compensation at your current employer and to ensure that you begin participating in our long-term compensation programs immediately, you will receive a one-time restricted stock award equal in value to \$1,400,000. The vesting of these shares will be as follows:

- \$500,000 will vest approximately one-third (or 33%, 33%, and 34%) on each of the first three anniversary dates from the date of grant.
- \$900,000 will vest 100% after five years.

The actual number of shares that you will receive will be determined based upon the fair market value of Kraft Foods Inc. Common Stock on your date of hire. You will be paid cash dividends on the shares during the vesting period consistent in amount and timing with that of Common Stock shareholders.

The other terms and conditions set forth in Kraft's standard Stock Award Agreement will apply.

Perquisites

You will be eligible for a company car allowance equal to \$15,000 per year under the executive perquisite policy. You will also be eligible for an annual financial counseling allowance of \$7,500. You may use any firm of your choosing and submit payments directly to the Company.

Deferred Compensation Program

You will be eligible to participate in the Executive Deferred Compensation Program. This program allows you to voluntarily defer a portion of your salary and/or your annual incentive to a future date. Investment opportunities under this program are designed to mirror the Company's 401(k) plan. Additional information for this program can be made available upon request.

June 20, 2011 Page 4 of 6

Stock Ownership Guidelines

You will be required to attain and hold Company stock equal in value to four times your base salary. You will have five years from your date of employment to achieve this level of ownership. Stock held for ownership determination includes common stock held directly or indirectly, unvested restricted stock or share equivalents held in the Company's 401(k) plan. It does not include unexercised stock option shares.

Other Benefits

Your offer includes Kraft's comprehensive benefits package available to full-time salaried employees. This benefits package is described in the enclosed Kraft Benefits Summary brochure. You will be eligible for 30 days of Paid Time Off (PTO). In addition, you are eligible for ten designated holidays and two personal days.

You will be a U.S. employee of Kraft Foods and your employment status will be governed by and shall be construed in accordance with the laws of the United States. As such, your status will be that of an "at will" employee. This means that either you or Kraft is free to terminate the employment relationship at any time, for any reason.

If your employment with the Company ends due to an involuntary termination other than for cause, you will receive severance arrangements no less favorable than those accorded recently terminated senior executives of the Company. The amount of any severance pay under such arrangements shall be paid in equal installments at the regularly scheduled dates for payment of salary to Kraft executives and beginning within 30 days of your termination.

For purposes of this offer letter, "cause" means: 1) continued failure to substantially perform the job's duties (other than resulting from incapacity due to disability); 2) gross negligence, dishonesty, or violation of any reasonable rule or regulation of the Company where the violation results in significant damage to the Company; or 3) engaging in other conduct which materially adversely reflects on the Company.

To assist in your relocation from Ohio to Illinois, we offer relocation assistance as outlined in Kraft's Relocation Guide.

Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code")

If you are a "specified employee" (within the meaning of Code section 409A) as of your separation from service (within the meaning of Code section 409A):
(a) payment of any amounts under this letter (or under any severance arrangement pursuant to this letter) which the Company determines constitute the payment of nonqualified deferred compensation (within the meaning of Code section 409A) and which would otherwise be paid upon your separation from

June 20, 2011 Page 5 of 6

service shall not be paid before the date that is six months after the date of your separation from service and any amounts that cannot be paid by reason of this limitation shall be accumulated and paid on the first day of the seventh month following the date of your separation from service (within the meaning of Code section 409A); and (b) any welfare or other benefits (including under a severance arrangement) which the Company determines constitute the payment of nonqualified deferred compensation (within the meaning of Code section 409A) and which would otherwise be provided upon your separation from service shall be provided at your sole cost during the first six-month period after your separation from service and, on the first day of the seventh month following your separation from service, the Company shall reimburse you for the portion of such costs that would have been payable by the Company for that period if you were not a specified employee.

Payment of any reimbursement amounts and the provision of benefits by the Company pursuant to this letter (including any reimbursements or benefits to be provided pursuant to a severance arrangement) which the Company determines constitute nonqualified deferred compensation (within the meaning of Code section 409A) shall be subject to the following:

- (a) the amount of the expenses eligible for reimbursement or the in-kind benefits provided during any calendar year shall not affect the amount of the expenses eligible for reimbursement or the in-kind benefits to be provided in any other calendar year;
- (b) the reimbursement of an eligible expense will be made on or before the last day of the calendar year following the calendar year in which the expense was incurred; and
- (c) your right to reimbursement or in-kind benefits is not subject to liquidation or exchange for any other benefit.

This offer is contingent upon successful completion of our pre-employment checks, which may include a background screen, reference check, and post-offer drug test pursuant to testing procedures determined by Kraft Foods.

June 20, 2011 Page 6 of 6

If you have any questions, I can be reached at the office at (XXX) XXX-XXXX or on my cell phone at (XXX) XXX-XXXX.

Sincerely,

/s/ Karen May

I accept the offer as expressed above.

/s/ Daniel P. Myers

June 20, 2011

Date

Signature

Enclosure:

Kraft Foods Benefits Summary Kraft Foods Relocation Policy Management Incentive Plan Brochure Long-Term Incentive Plan Brochure

Equity Brochure

Kraft Foods Inc. and Subsidiaries Computation of Ratios of Earnings to Fixed Charges (in millions of dollars)

	Mont	the Three ths Ended lber 30, 2011	Mon	the Nine ths Ended nber 30, 2011
Earnings from continuing operations before income taxes	\$	1,273	\$	3,838
Add / (Deduct): Equity in net earnings of less than 50% owned affiliates Dividends from less than 50% owned affiliates Fixed charges Interest capitalized, net of amortization		(22) 6 478 1	_	(64) 57 1,484 1
Earnings available for fixed charges	<u>\$</u>	1,736	\$	5,316
Fixed charges: Interest incurred: Interest expense Capitalized interest	\$	439 439	\$ 	1,366 1 1.367
Portion of rent expense deemed to represent interest factor Fixed charges	\$	39 478	\$	1,307 117 1,484
Ratio of earnings to fixed charges		3.6		3.6

Certification

I, Irene B. Rosenfeld, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Kraft Foods Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's Board of Directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 4, 2011

/S/ IRENE B. ROSENFELD
Irene B. Rosenfeld
Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Certification

- I, David A. Brearton, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Kraft Foods Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's Board of Directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 4, 2011

/s/ DAVID A. BREARTON
David A. Brearton
Executive Vice President and
Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATIONS OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Irene B. Rosenfeld, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Kraft Foods Inc. ("Kraft Foods"), certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that Kraft Foods' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2011, fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that the information contained in Kraft Foods' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q fairly presents in all material respects Kraft Foods' financial condition and results of operations.

/s/ IRENE B. ROSENFELD Irene B. Rosenfeld

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer November 4, 2011

I, David A. Brearton, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Kraft Foods Inc. ("Kraft Foods"), certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that Kraft Foods' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2011, fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that the information contained in Kraft Foods' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q fairly presents in all material respects Kraft Foods' financial condition and results of operations.

/S/ DAVID A. BREARTON

David A. Brearton Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer November 4, 2011

A signed original of these written statements required by Section 906, or other document authenticating, acknowledging, or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to Kraft Foods Inc. and will be retained by Kraft Foods Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.